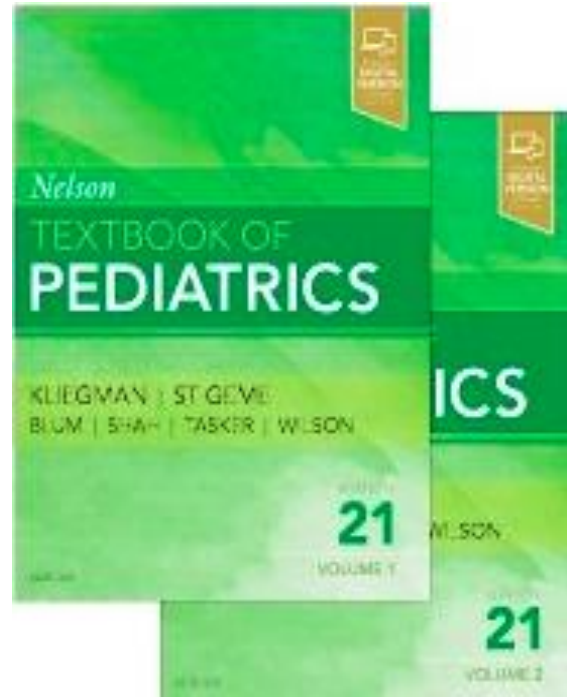




**Professor of Anesthesia
2011 Founding Chair in
Neurocritical Care**



**Editor
Nelson's Textbook
21e, 22e, 23e (ongoing)**



**Editor-in-Chief
Pediatr Crit Care Med
Appointed 2020-**



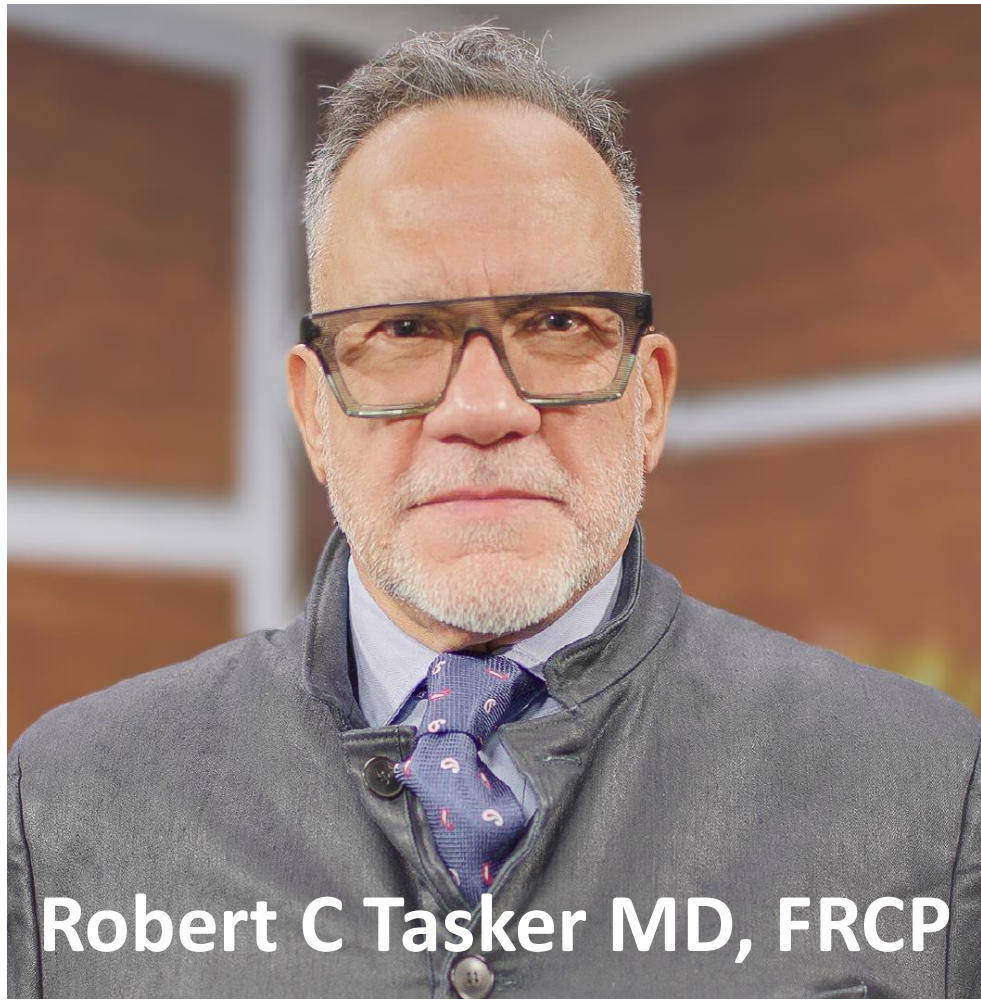
**Postgraduates' Tutor
College Lectureship
Fellow (2002-11, 2020-)**

Harvard Medical School:

robert.tasker@childrens.harvard.edu

Selwyn, Cambridge:

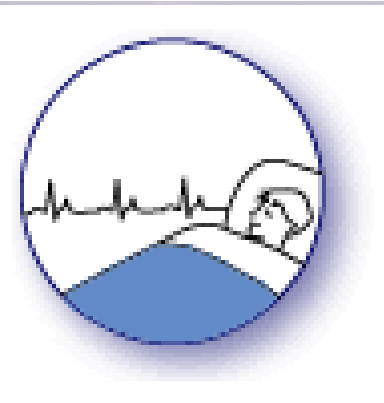
rct31@cam.ac.uk



Robert C Tasker MD, FRCP

Registry Science

1. Historical weakness & limit
2. Strength & future
3. The “why?” and “how?” of journal selection/publication



UK Paediatric Intensive Care Society Study Group
UK Paediatric Critical Care Society Study Group
Cambridge 2005 → 2026





Paediatric Intensive Care Audit Network

National Paediatric Critical Care Audit
State of the Nations Report 2025



Summary Report

Data Collection Period: January 2022 - December 2024

Published 2025

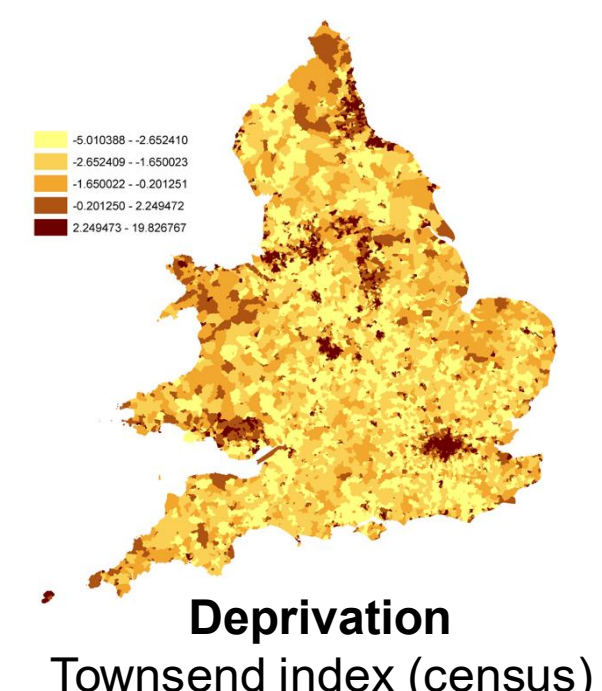
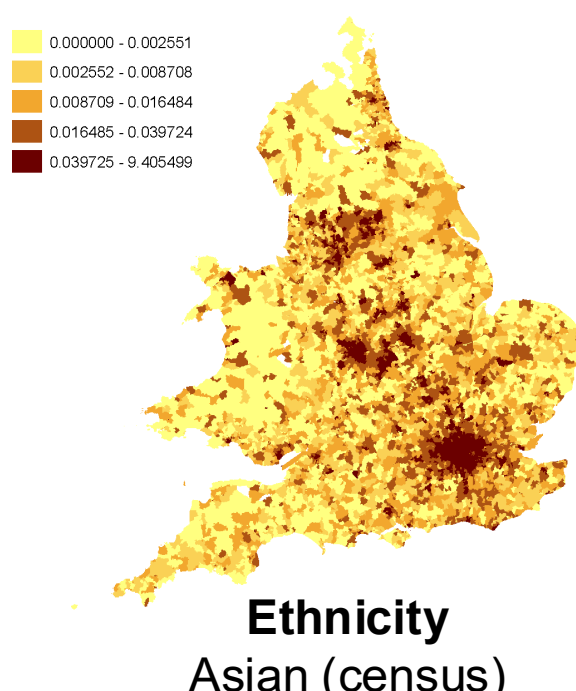
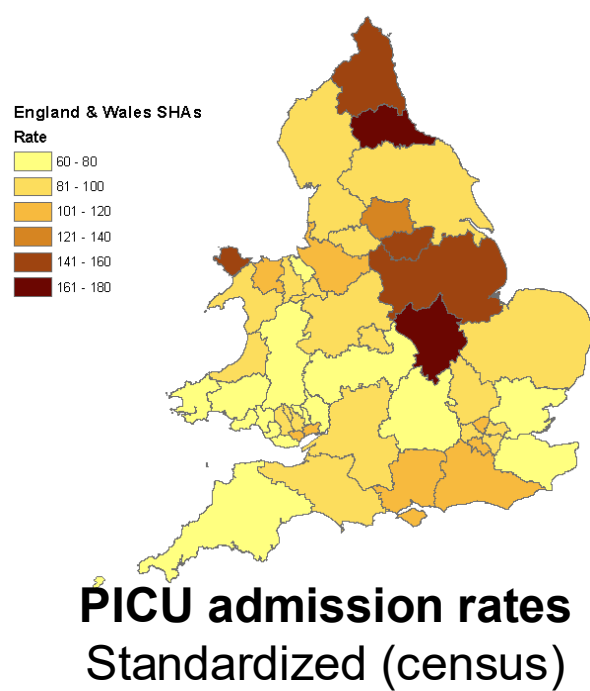
Era of Epidemiology → Clinical RCT
→ Curated datasets

CHIP

Control of **H**yperglycemia In **P**ediatric Intensive Care

SLEEPS

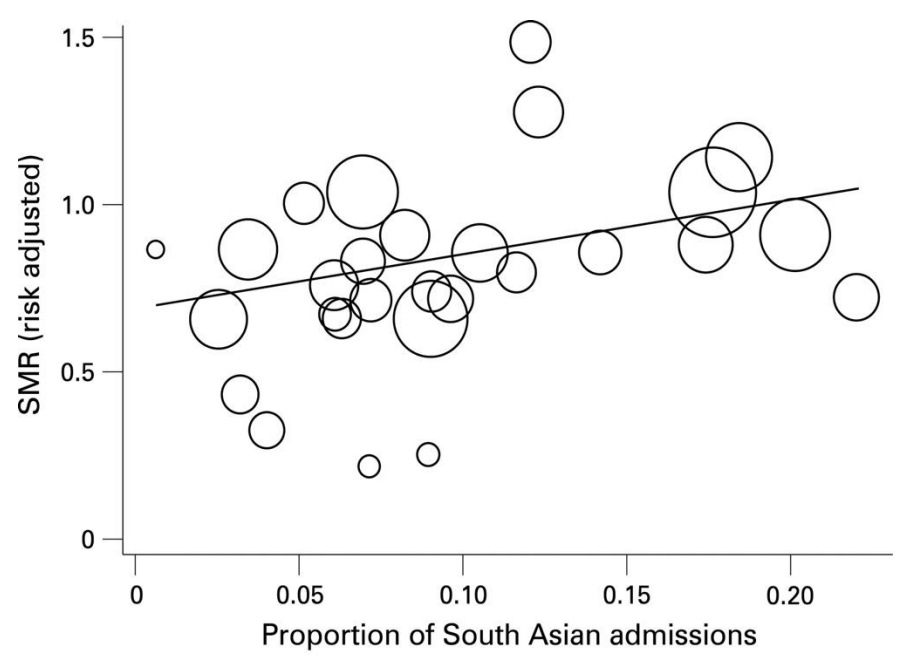
Safety profi**L**e, **E**fficacy and **E**quivalence in **P**aediatric
intensive care **S**edation



PICU risk-adjusted mortality

- 100 / 100,000 children / yr
- No effect of deprivation
- Effect in south Asian children with OR 1.36 (95%CI 1.18 to 1.57)

Parslow et al (2009) Arch Dis Child



SDOH & PICU admission

Severe head injury in children: intensive care unit activity and mortality in England and Wales

Confidential Enquiry into Maternal and Child Health

Improving the health of mothers, babies and children



Safe and Sustainable
Children's Neurosurgery Services Bulletin

Paediatric Intensive Care Audit Network

National Paediatric Critical Care Audit
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Published 2025

The NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL of MEDICINE

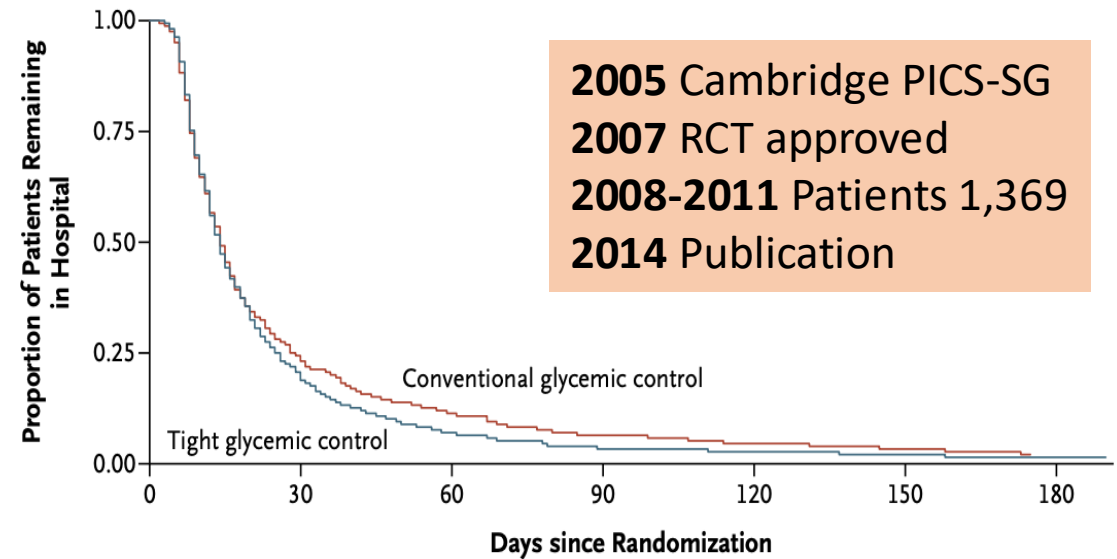
ESTABLISHED IN 1812

JANUARY 9, 2014

VOL. 370 NO. 2

A Randomized Trial of Hyperglycemic Control in Pediatric Intensive Care

Duncan Macrae, F.R.C.A., Richard Grieve, Ph.D., Elizabeth Allen, Ph.D., Zia Sadique, Ph.D., Kevin Morris, M.D., John Pappachan, F.R.C.A., Roger Parslow, Ph.D., Robert C. Tasker, M.D., and Diana Elbourne, Ph.D., for the CHiP Investigators*

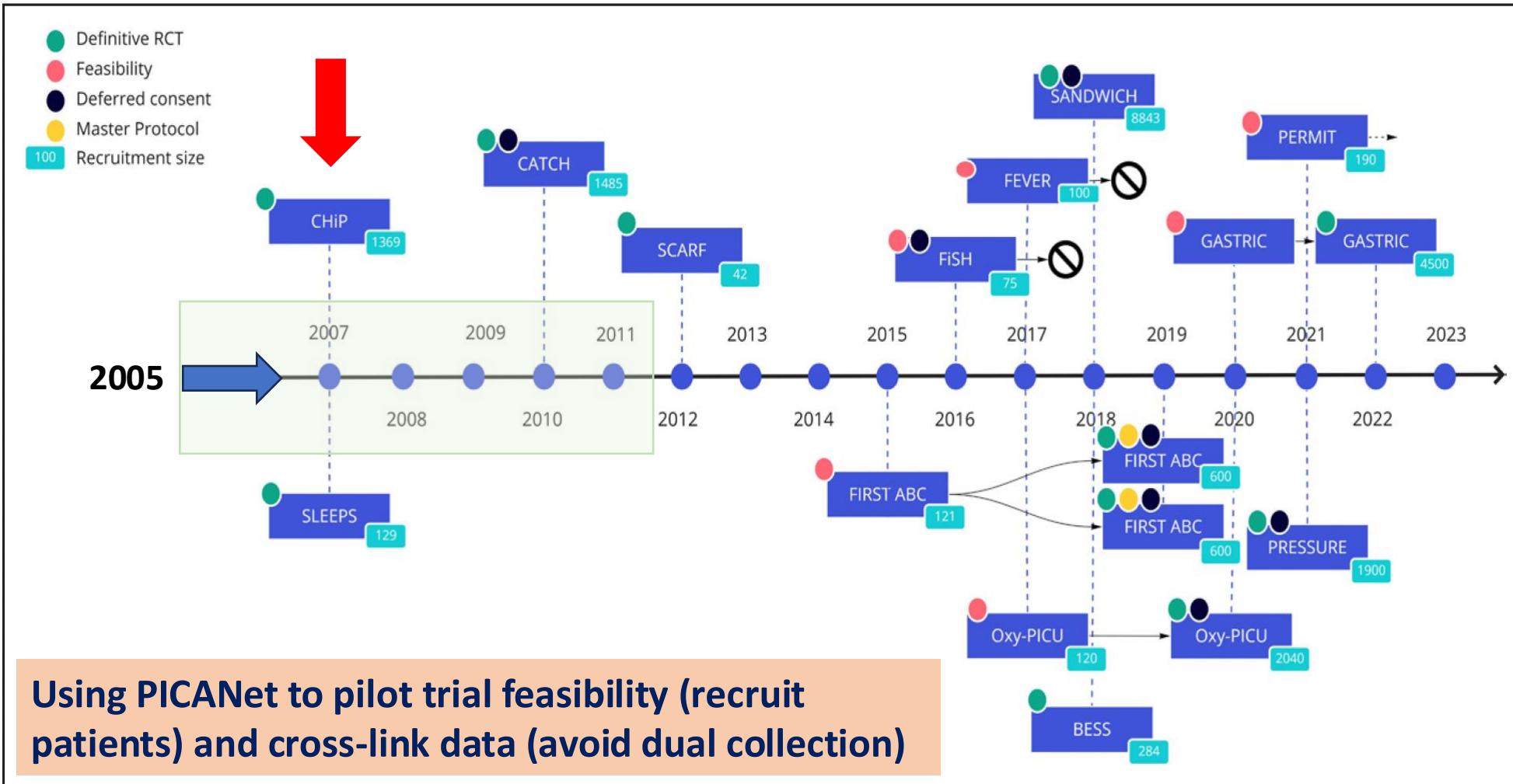


No. at Risk

	0	30	60	90	120	150	180
Conventional glycaemic control	675	162	76	40	29	21	12
Tight glycaemic control	694	139	46	22	17	12	8

PCCM 2022

The United Kingdom Paediatric Critical Care Society Study Group: The 20-Year Journey Toward Pragmatic, Randomized Clinical Trials



Mark J. Peters, MBChB, PhD, MRCP, FRCPC^{1,2}

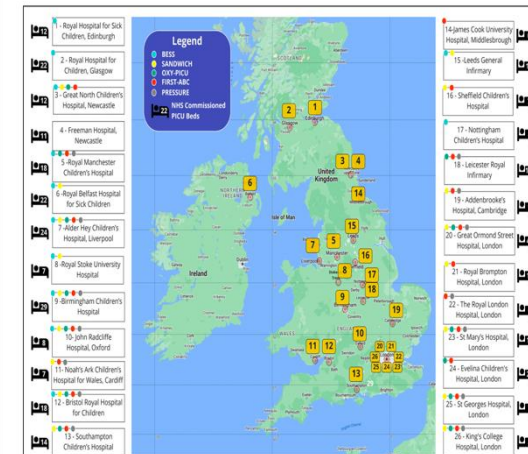
Padmanabhan Ramnarayan, MBBS, MD, FRCPC, FFICM^{3,4}

Barnaby R. Scholefield, MBBS, MRCPCH, PhD^{5,6}

Lyvonne N. Tume, RN, PhD⁷

Robert C. Tasker, MBBS, MD, FRCPC^{8,9}

for the United Kingdom Paediatric Critical Care Society Study Group (PCCS-SG)



Oxy-PICU, Lancet 2024
2020-2022
(n=2040)

Ethnicity and Observed Oxygen Saturations, Fraction of Inspired Oxygen, and Clinical Outcomes: A Post-Hoc Analysis of the Oxy-PICU Trial of Conservative Oxygenation*

2024

CLINICAL INVESTIGATION ARTICLE

#1/4

Severity of Impaired Oxygenation and Conservative Oxygenation Targets in Mechanically Ventilated Children: A Post Hoc Subgroup Analysis of the Oxy-PICU Trial of Conservative Oxygenation

2025

OBJECTIVES: A conservative oxygenation strategy is recommended in adult and pediatric guidelines for the management of acute respiratory distress syndrome to reduce iatrogenic lung damage. In the recently reported Oxy-PICU trial, targeting peripheral oxygen saturations (SpO₂) between 88% and 92% was associated with a shorter duration of organ support and greater survival, compared with SpO₂ greater than 94%, in mechanically ventilated children following unplanned admission to PICU. We investigated whether this benefit was greater in those who had severely impaired oxygenation at randomization.

DESIGN: Post hoc analysis of a pragmatic, open-label, multicenter randomized controlled trial.

Samiran Ray ^{ID}, PhD^{1,2,3}

Martin Wiegand, PhD^{2,4}

Doug W. Gould, PhD⁵

David A. Harrison, PhD⁵

Paul R. Mouncey, MSc⁵

Mark J. Peters, PhD^{1,2,3}

on behalf of the Oxy-PICU Investigators of the United Kingdom Paediatric Critical Care Society Study Group

Gareth A.L. Jones, MD¹

Martin Wiegand, PhD^{2,3}

Samiran Ray^{1,3,4}

Doug W. Gould, PhD⁵

Rachel Agbeko, PhD^{6,7}

Elisa Giallongo, MSc⁵

Walton N. Charles, MBBS⁵

Marzena Orzol, MSc⁵

Lauran O'Neill, BSc¹

Lamprini Lampro, MSc⁵

Jon Lillie, MD^{8,9}

John Pappachan, MD¹⁰

Padmanabhan Ramnarayan, MD^{11,12}

David A. Harrison, PhD⁵

Paul R. Mouncey, MSc⁵

Mark J. Peters ^{ID}, PhD^{1,3,4,11}

for the Oxy-PICU Investigators of the Pediatric Critical Care Society Study Group

Post hoc
Subgroup
Analyses

#2/4

PRESSURE protocol 2024 (n=1,900) 2021-2026

GASTRIC protocol May 2026 (n=4,700) 2023-2025

After the 1^o reports:
Curated datasets → 2^o analyses

PCCM TRIAL

OPEN

Protocol for a Randomized Controlled Trial to Evaluate a Permissive Blood Pressure Target Versus Usual Care in Critically Ill Children with Hypotension (PRESSURE)

Pediatric Critical Care Medicine

XXX 2026 • Volume 27 • Number 00 • Pages XX-XX

PCCM TRIAL

OPEN

Protocol for a Randomized Clinical Trial to Evaluate Not Routinely Measuring Gastric Residual Volume to Guide Enteral Feeding Versus Routine Measurement in Mechanically Ventilated Critically Ill Children (GASTRIC-PICU)

OBJECTIVE: Providing adequate nutrition is a key aspect of pediatric intensive care, with enteral administration preferred. The regular measurement of gastric residual volume (GRV) to guide feeding is common, but it results in frequent feed interruptions due to a perceived high GRV. The GASTRIC-PICU (GRV to guide enteral feeding vs. routine measurement in mechanically ventilated critically ill children) randomized controlled trial aims to evaluate the clinical and cost-effectiveness of not routinely measuring GRV to guide enteral feeding compared with the usual practice of routine measurement.

DESIGN: Multicenter, randomized, non-inferiority, open-label clinical trial with embedded health economic evaluation.

SETTING: Twenty-three PICUs across United Kingdom, Scotland, Northern Ireland, and Switzerland.

PATIENTS: Infants and children 37 weeks old or older corrected gestational age to 16 years admitted to participating PICUs, on mechanical ventilation and being enterally fed.

Marzena Orzol¹, MA, MSc¹
Irene Chang, MSc¹
Emma Laing, BSc¹
Mark J. Peters, MBChB, PhD^{2,3}
Julia E. Edwards, PhD¹
Paloma Ferrando-Vivas, BA¹
Julie Camsooksai, RN, BSc¹
Jahara Khatun, BSc¹
Lamprini Lampro, MSc¹
Millie Parke, BSc (Hons)¹
Hannah Sedgwick, MSc¹
Carly Au, BSc¹
David Harrison, PhD¹
Lynne Latten, RD, BSc (Hons)⁴

Robert Darnell, MA¹
Alanna Brown, MSc¹
Emma Laing, BSc¹
Julia Edwards, PhD¹
David A. Harrison, PhD¹
Joseph C. Manning, PhD²
Mark J. Peters, PhD³
Padmanabhan Ramnarayan, MD⁴
Samiran Ray, PhD³
Zia Sadique, PhD⁵
Barnaby R. Scholefield, PhD⁶
Dermot Shortt, BE⁷
Lamprini Lampro, MSc¹
Carly Au, BSc¹
Kathy M. Rowan, PhD¹
Paul Mouncey, MSc¹
David P. Inwald, PhD⁸

Protocolised Evaluation of Permissive Blood Pressure Targets Versus Usual Care (PRESSURE) Trial Investigators on behalf of the U.K. Paediatric Critical Care Society Study Group (PCCS-SG)

#3/4

SANDWICH, JAMA 2021
2018-2019
(n=8,843)

PCCM 2025
2^o analysis of SANDWICH



Reader engagement
in 2025 = 4,400 (#1)

FEATURED ORIGINAL RESEARCH ARTICLE

OPEN

Sedation and Ventilator Weaning Bundle and Time to Extubation in Infants With Bronchiolitis: Secondary Analysis of the Sedation AND Weaning in Children (SANDWICH) Trial

OBJECTIVE: The Sedation and Weaning in Children (SANDWICH) trial of a sedation weaning and ventilator liberation bundle had a primary outcome of time to successful extubation, and showed significant but small difference. We explored the impact of the intervention on infants with bronchiolitis.

Rebecca B. Mitting, MRCPCH^{1,2}
Cliona McDowell, CStat³
Bronagh Blackwood, PhD³
Samiran Ray, PhD^{4,5}

EDITORIAL

Digesting a Slice of the SANDWICH Trial and Its Effect on a Bronchiolitis Subpopulation

KEYWORDS: airway extubation; bronchiolitis; mechanical ventilation; patient-centered care; pediatrics; workload

Jeremy M. Loberger, MD¹
Kristina A. Betters, MD²

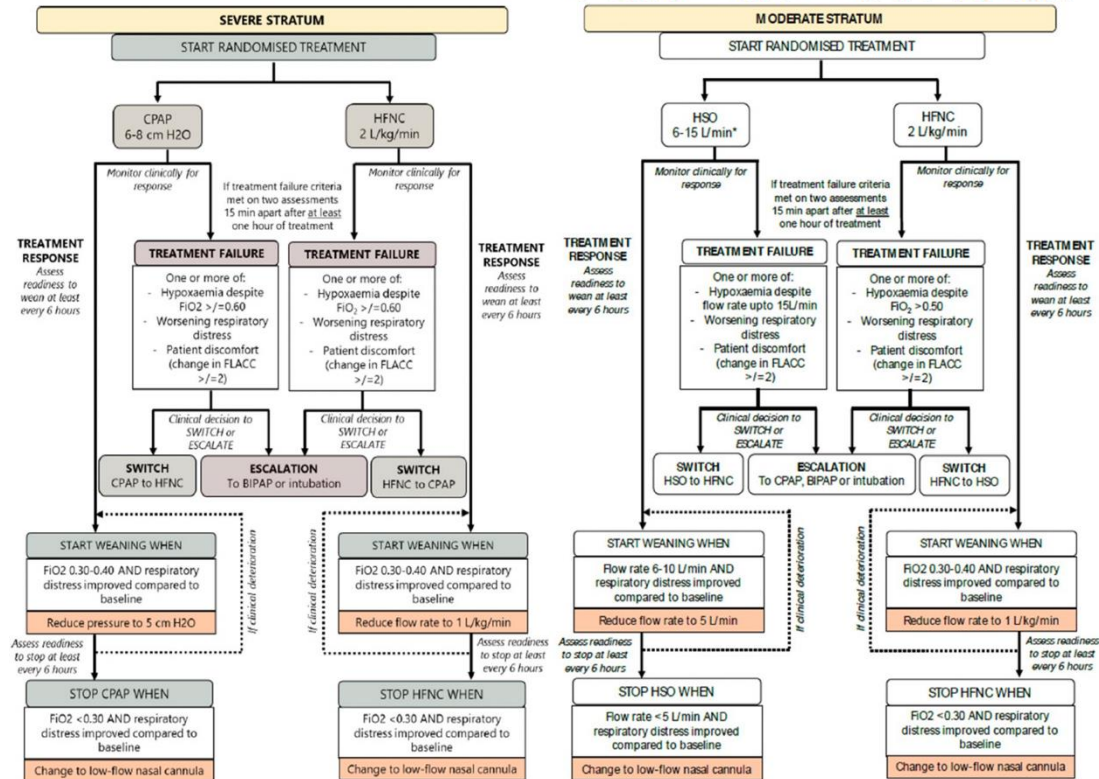
#4/4

BACHb protocol, 2025 (n=1,508) 2023-2026

PCCM TRIAL

OPEN

Protocol for a Group-Sequential Two-Stratum Multicenter Open-Label Randomized Clinical Trial of Respiratory Support in Infants With Acute Bronchiolitis: Breathing Assistance in Children With Bronchiolitis (BACHb)



Isabel Johnson, RN, MPH¹
Katy Bridges, RN¹
Richard Cleaver, MSc²
Rayka Malek, PhD³
Mary Cross, BA³
Steve Cunningham, PhD⁴
Katrina Cathie, MD⁵
Mark D. Lyttle, PhD^{6,7}
Rebecca Mitting, MRCPCH⁸
Paul Mouncey, MSc⁹
Damian Roland, PhD^{10,11}
Stephen Turner, FRCPCH¹²
Olu Onyimadu, PhD¹³
Stavros Petrou, PhD¹³
Debra Quantrill¹⁴
Kate Chadwick¹⁴
Leila Janani, PhD³
Padmanabhan Ramnarayan¹⁵, MD^{2,8,15}

Paediatric Intensive Care Audit Network

National Paediatric Critical Care Audit
State of the Nations Report 2025



Summary Report

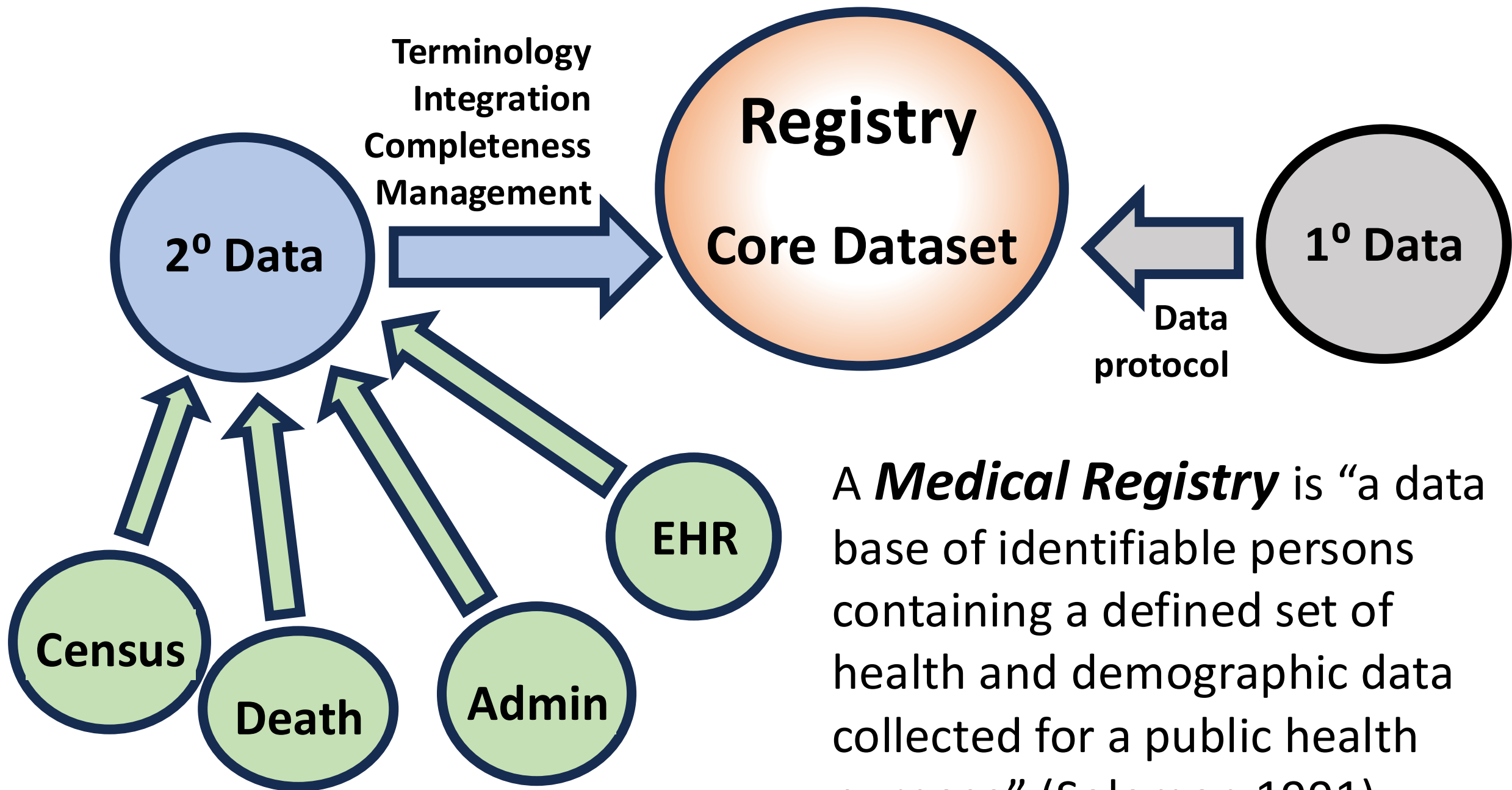
Data Collection Period: January 2022 - December 2024
Published 2025

Era of Epidemiology → Clinical RCT → Curated datasets

RCT	Timeline	Sample	Publication
SANDWICH	2018-2019	8,843	JAMA 2021 PCCM 2025
Oxy-PICU	2020-2022	2,040	Lancet 2024 PCCM 2024, 2025
GASTRIC	2023-2025	4,700	PCCM 2026
PRESSURE	2021-2026	1,900	PCCM 2024, 2026
BACHb	2023-2026	1,508	PCCM 2025

2018-2026 ~19,000

Where and what next?



A **Medical Registry** is “a data base of identifiable persons containing a defined set of health and demographic data collected for a public health purpose” (Solomon 1991)

List of Registries

Disclaimer

The following listing is not intended to be construed as an endorsement by the National Institutes of Health. The intent is to provide information about registries and groups that can offer valuable assistance to researchers.

See [frequently asked questions](#) at the bottom of the page.

[Alzheimer's Prevention Registry](#)



CHD GENES Study

- For Researchers
 - CHD GENES Study
 - Protocol
 - Electronic Case Report Forms (eCRFs)
 - Informed Consent Templates
 - Cohort Demographics
 - Submission of Ancillary Study Proposals
 - CHD Brain and Genes Study
 - Basic Science Data & Resource Sharing
 - B2B Data Sharing Plan
 - Requests for Limited Data
 - Challenge Prizes
 - PCGC and CDDRC Fellows Program

PCGC Centers are recruiting individuals of all ethnicities and backgrounds for phenotypic and clinical data, and will follow the genetic techniques to interrogate the genome for variants that may be associated with CHD. Data will be shared with researchers to conduct high-throughput, large-scale genomic analyses. Data will be used to study the pathophysiology, and genetic and environmental factors in children, and to identify potential therapeutic targets.

Authorized and approved by the PCGC.

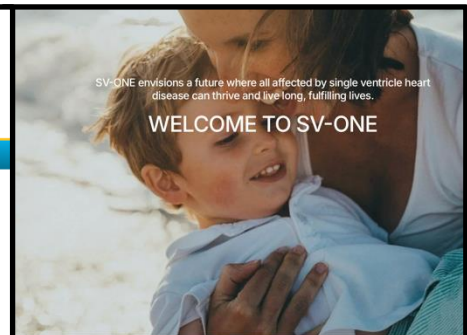


IMPACT REGISTRY™

Improve CHD Patient Outcomes with Data-Driven Insights

Interested in Joining A Registry?
Request More Information.
[Click Here](#)

Coming Soon: The newest version introduces a logic-based design across three procedural pathways, Interventional Cardiology, EP (with or without ablation) and CIED procedures, activating only the fields relevant to each procedure. Expanded procedural modules, refined data elements, simplified



SV-ONE envisions a future where all affected by single ventricle heart disease can thrive and live long, fulfilling lives.

WELCOME TO SV-ONE

Mission
SV-ONE's mission is to build a connected community, accelerate discovery, transform care, & improve single ventricle heart disease outcomes across the lifespan.



REPORTING PLATFORM

MEMBERS AREA

CONTACT US

Improving outcomes & quality through collaboration

The Pediatric Cardiac Critical Care Consortium (PC⁴) aims to improve the quality of care to patients with critical pediatric and congenital cardiovascular disease.

Reporting Platform

Members Area

Registry Science – how best to improve clinical care?

VPS Virtual Pediatric Systems

About Us | Quality Improvement | Why VPS? | Research | Products | Contact Us

Improve Quality, Safety and Efficiency in Your PICU

Saving Children's Lives Through Actionable Data

ADMINISTRATOR | INTENSIVIST | NURSE MANAGER | RESEARCHER

QUALITY IMPROVEMENT
VPS has expanded its QI efforts in

COMPARATIVE REPORTING
High-fidelity reports comparing

RESEARCH
VPS has the largest research association in pediatric critical

AIM 1: To understand the historical weaknesses and limit of Registry Science

Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes



2021

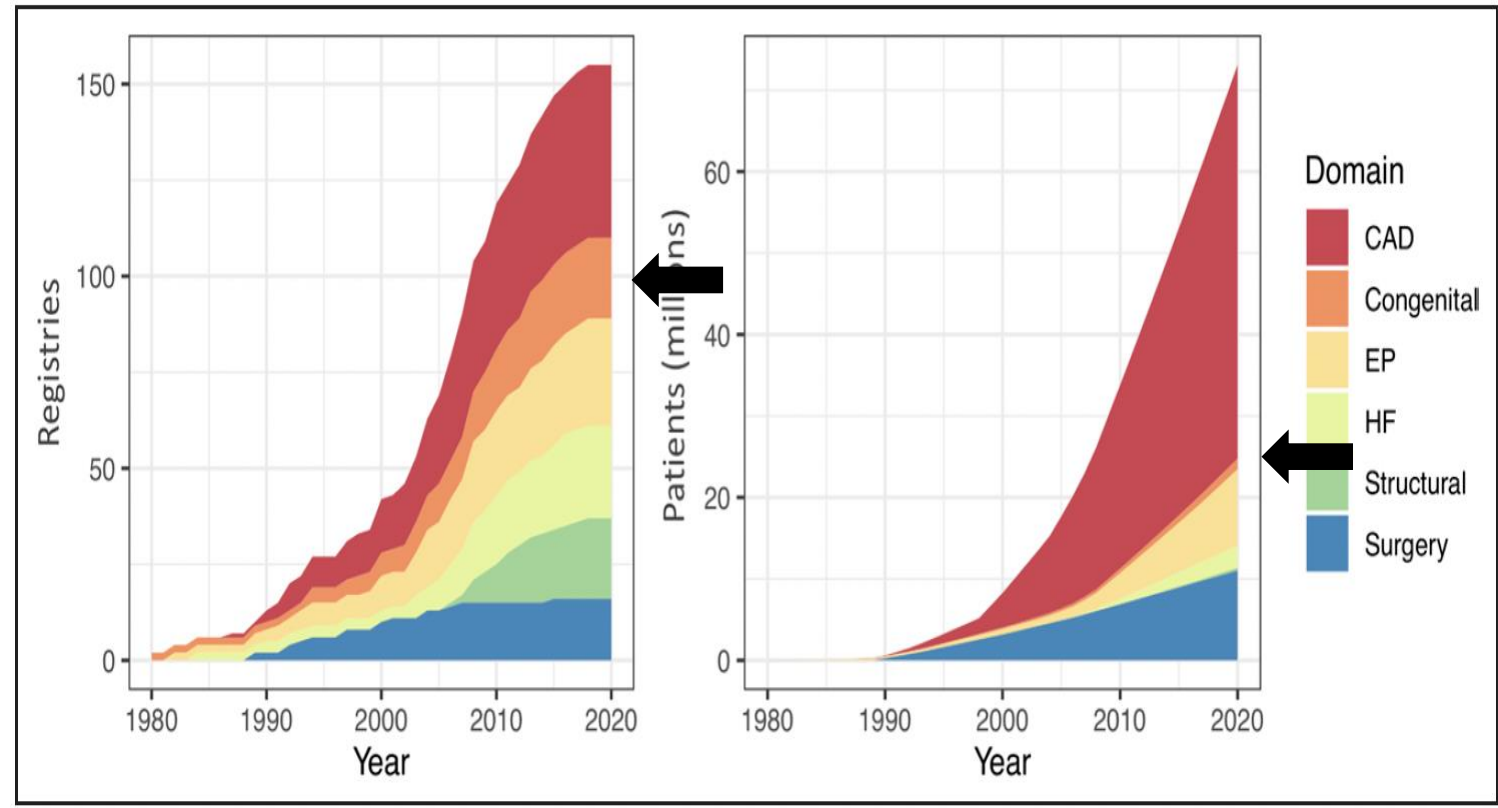
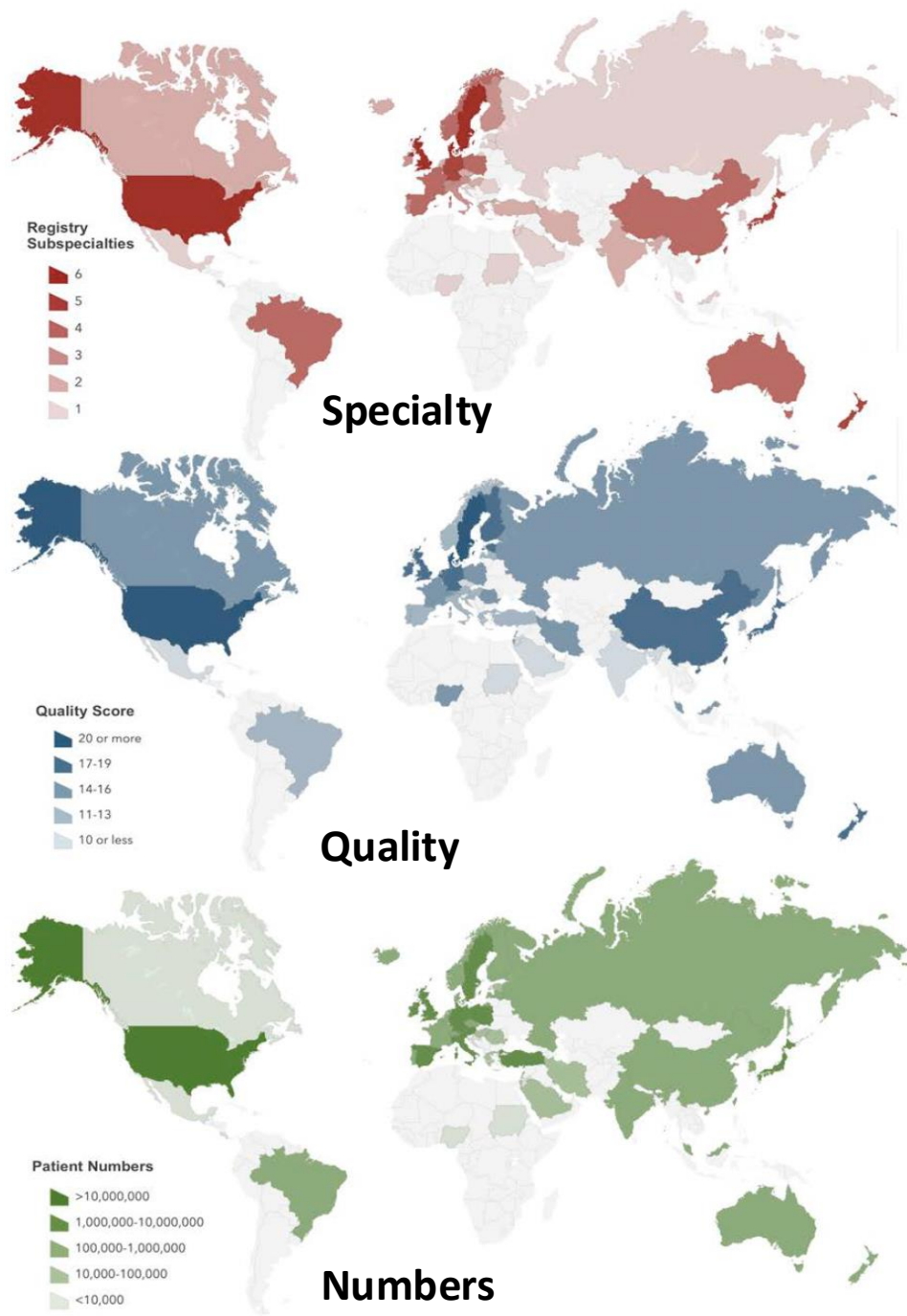
Circ Cardiovasc Qual Outcome 2021; 14:e007963

URL: <https://www.crd.york.ac.uk/prospero/>; Unique identifier: CRD42020204224

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

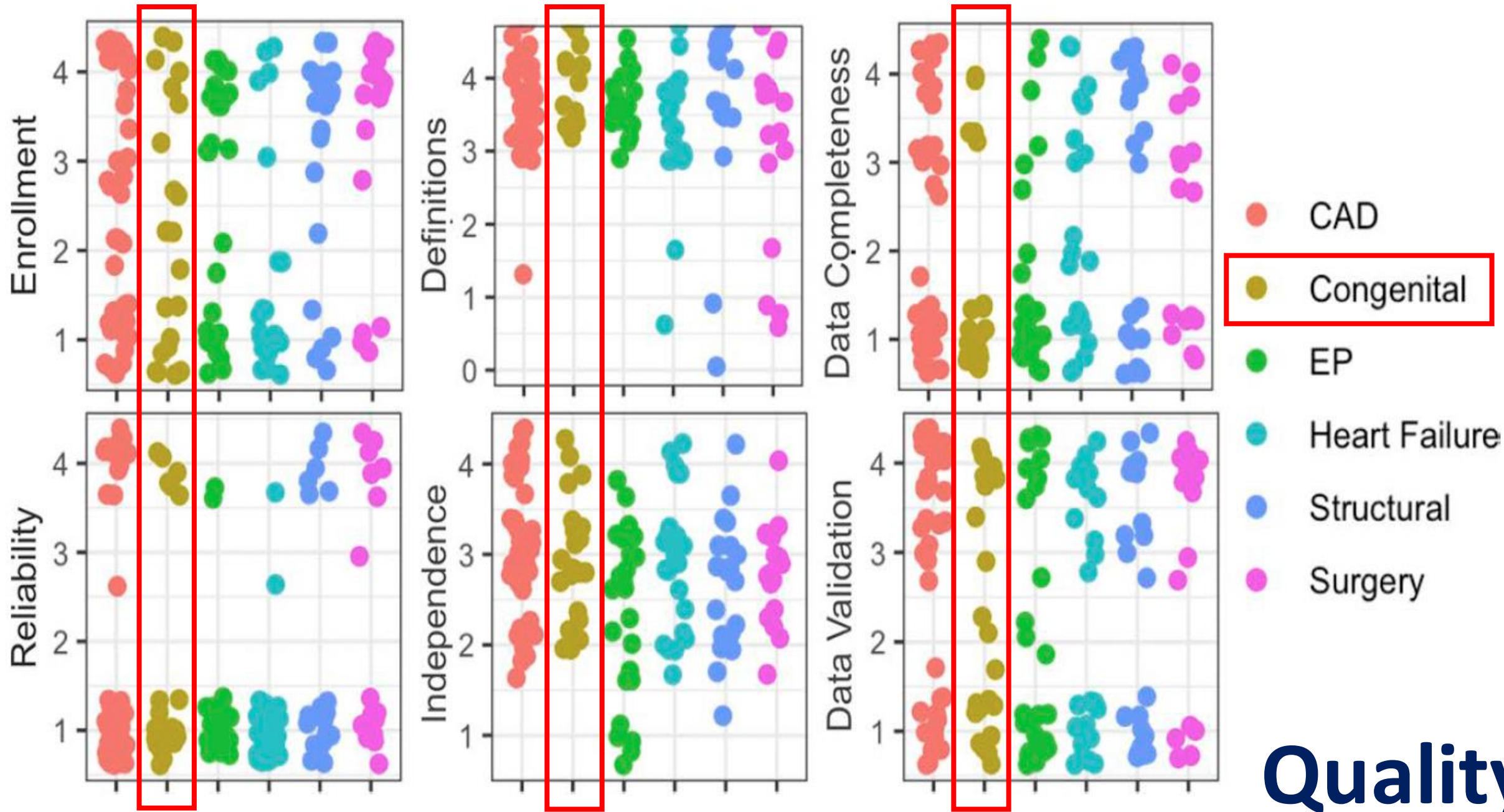
Characteristics and Quality of National Cardiac Registries: A Systematic Review

Luke P. Dawson , MBBS, MPH; Sinjini Biswas, MBBS, PhD; Jeffrey Lefkovits, MBBS; Dion Stub, MBBS, PhD; Luke Burchill, MBBS, PhD; Sue M. Evans, PhD; Christopher Reid , BA DipEd, PhD; David Eccleston, MBBS, MMedSci

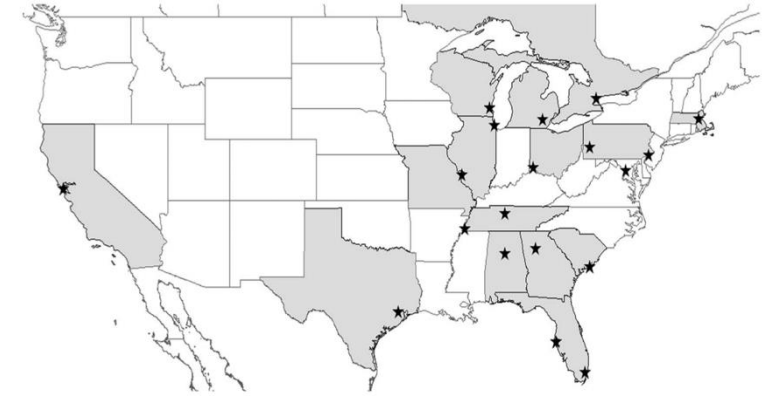


National Cardiac Registries 1980 – 2020

- 155 Registries in 49 countries
- 73.1 million patients
- 21 registries related to CHD



Quality



Original Article

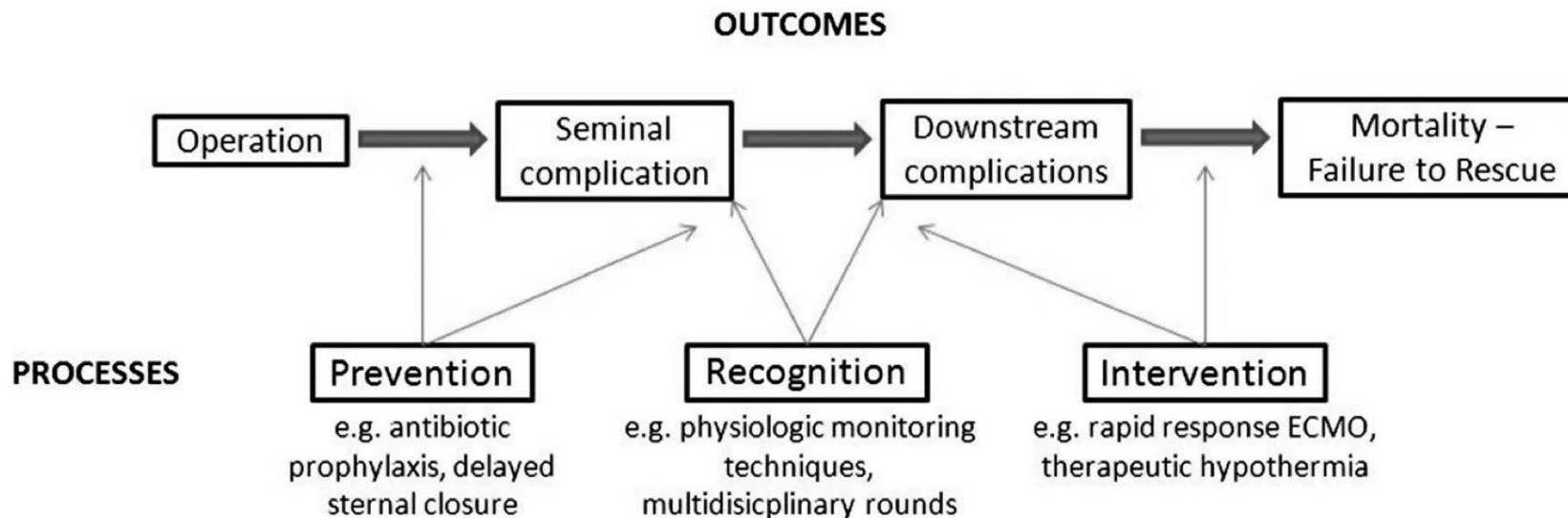
Collaborative quality improvement in the cardiac intensive care unit: development of the Paediatric Cardiac Critical Care Consortium (PC⁴)

Michael Gaies,¹ David S. Cooper,² Sarah Tabbutt,³ Steven M. Schwartz,⁴ Nancy Ghanayem,⁵ Nikhil K. Chanani,⁶ John M. Costello,⁷ Ravi R. Thiagarajan,⁸ Peter C. Laussen,⁹ Lara S. Shekerdeman,¹⁰ Janet E. Donohue,¹¹ Gina M. Willis,¹¹ J. William Gaynor,¹² Jeffrey P. Jacobs,¹³ Richard G. Ohye,¹⁴ John R. Charpie,¹ Sara K. Pasquali,¹ Mark A. Scheurer¹⁵

MISSION STATEMENT

PC4 is a multi-institutional collaboration... across geographic, subspecialty boundaries:

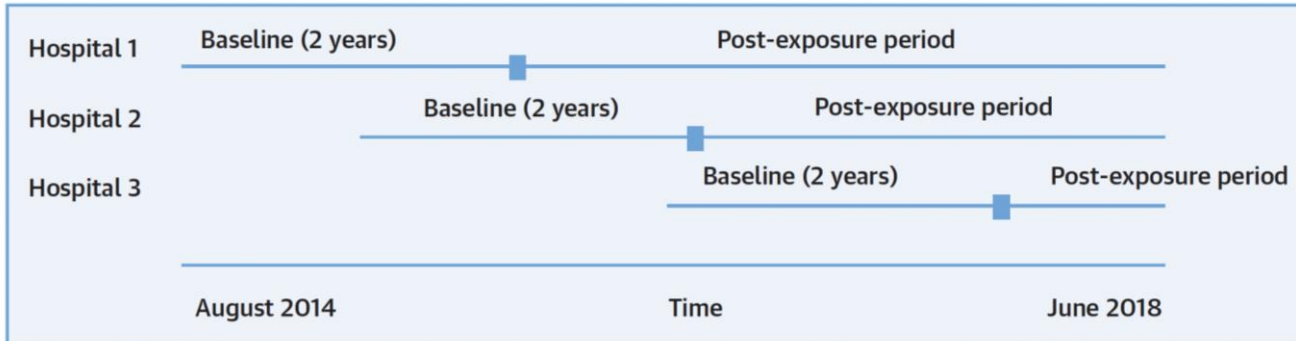
- To integrate databases
- To harmonise efforts
- To advance PCICM
- To evaluate data
- To identify EBM practice
- To disseminate findings



Improvement in Pediatric Cardiac Surgical Outcomes Through Interhospital Collaboration

2019

Michael Gaies, MD, MPH, MS,^a Sara K. Pasquali, MD, MHS,^a Mousumi Banerjee, PhD,^b Justin B. Dimick, MD, MPH,^c John D. Birkmeyer, MD,^d Wenying Zhang, MS,^e Jeffrey A. Alten, MD,^f Nikhil Chanani, MD,^g David S. Cooper, MD,^f John M. Costello, MD, MPH,^h J. William Gaynor, MD, PhD,ⁱ Nancy Ghanayem, MD,^j Jeffrey P. Jacobs, MD,^k John E. Mayer, MD,^l Richard G. Ohye, MD,^m Mark A. Scheurer, MD,^h Steven M. Schwartz, MD,ⁿ Sarah Tabbutt, MD, PhD,^o John R. Charpie, MD, PhD^a



**19,600 admissions in 18 hospitals
 2014-2018**

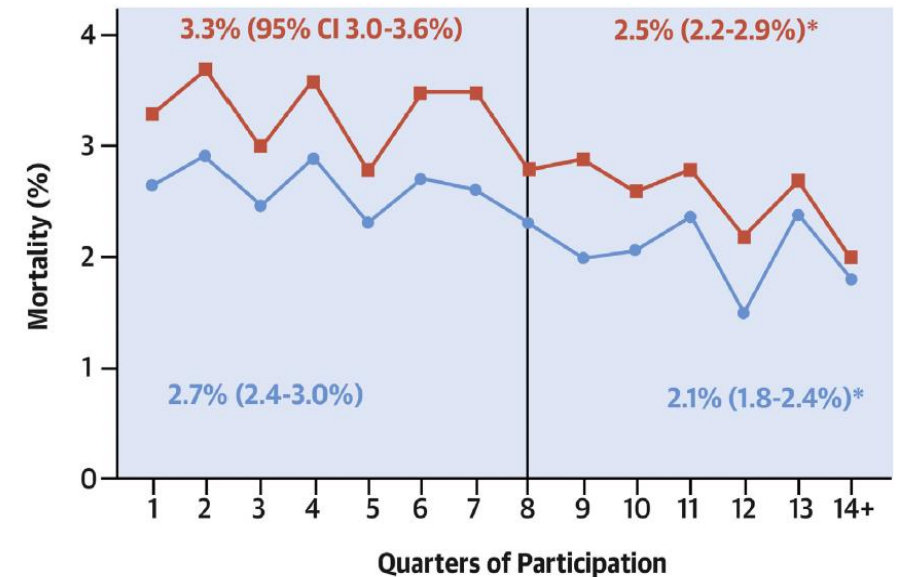
A

Improvement in Cardiac Surgical Outcomes at Pediatric Cardiac Critical Care Consortium Hospitals



B

Case-Mix Adjusted Mortality by Quarter

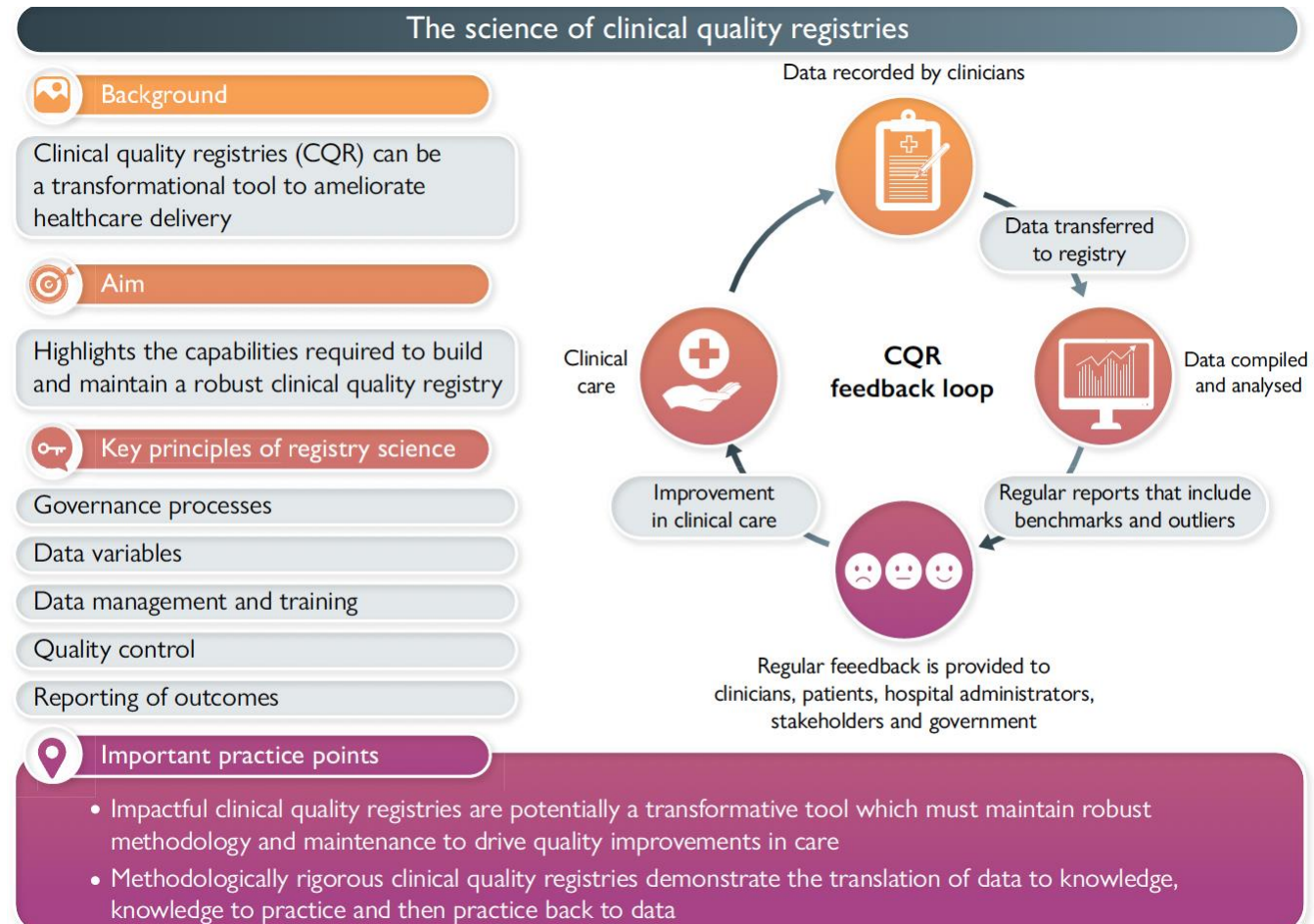


The science of clinical quality registries

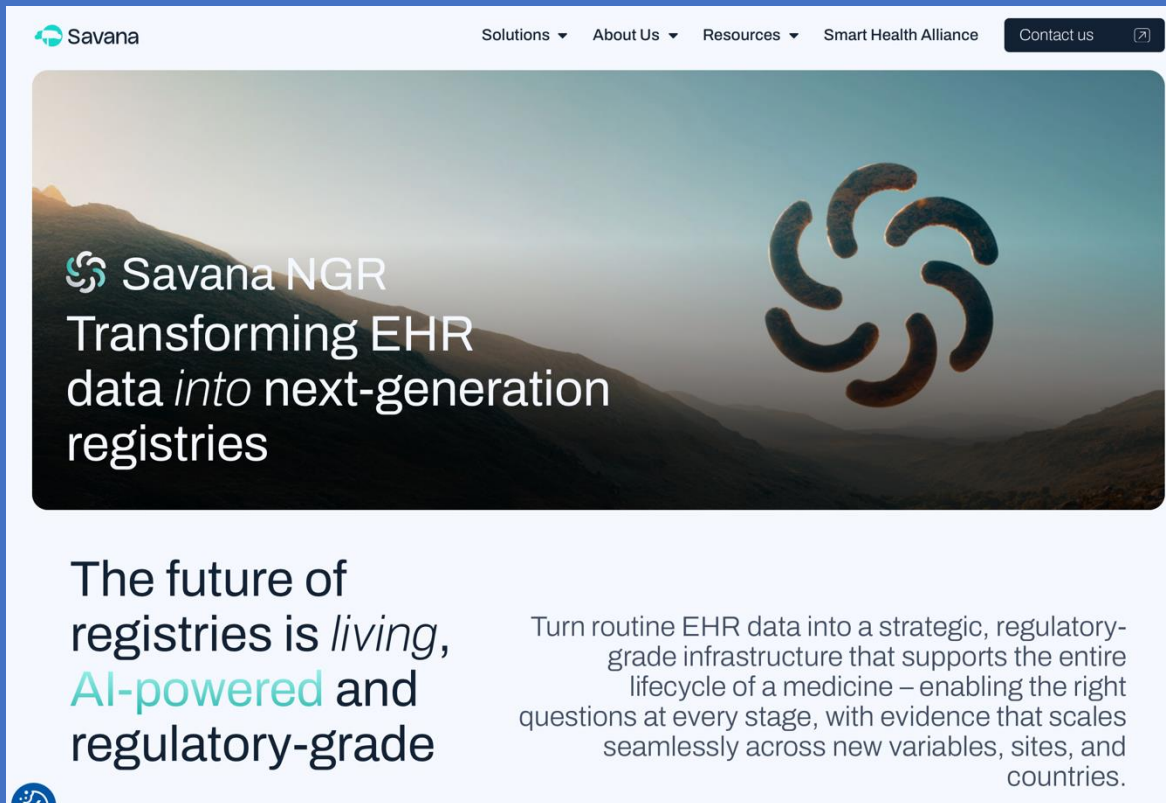
Kirsten J. Parker^{1*}, Louise D. Hickman¹, and Caleb Ferguson^{1,2}

Potential Criticisms

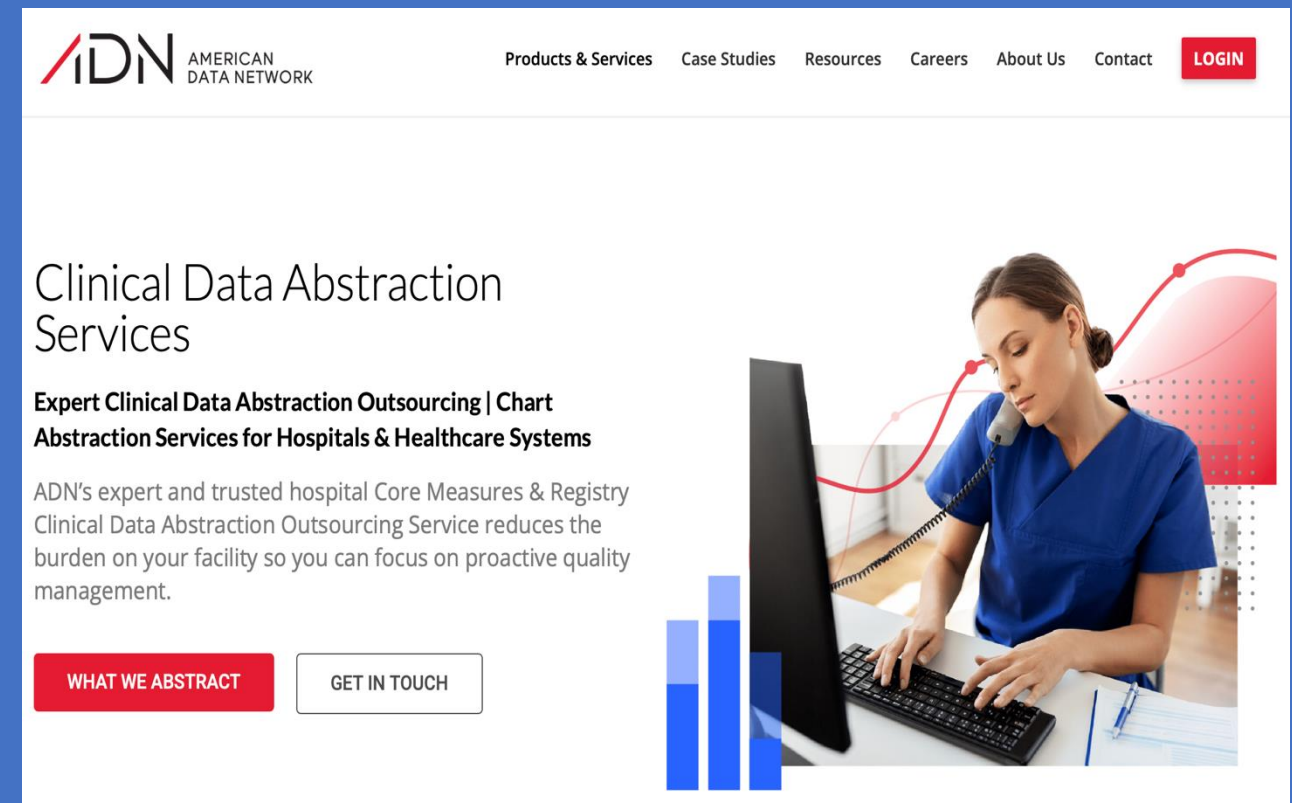
- Limited feedback cycle
- Limits in generalizability
- Institutional inertia
- Cost and time
- Regulatory affairs
- Consent
- The “mass” of data



AIM 2: To understand the strength and future of Registry Science



The screenshot shows the Savana NGR website. The header includes the Savana logo, navigation links for Solutions, About Us, Resources, Smart Health Alliance, and a Contact us button. The main content area features a large image of a mountain landscape with a stylized circular logo. The text reads: "Savana NGR Transforming EHR data into next-generation registries". Below this, there is a sub-header: "The future of registries is *living*, AI-powered and regulatory-grade". The main body text states: "Turn routine EHR data into a strategic, regulatory-grade infrastructure that supports the entire lifecycle of a medicine – enabling the right questions at every stage, with evidence that scales seamlessly across new variables, sites, and countries."



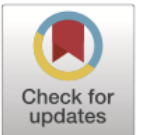
The screenshot shows the IDN American Data Network website. The header includes the IDN logo, navigation links for Products & Services, Case Studies, Resources, Careers, About Us, Contact, and a LOGIN button. The main content area features a large image of a woman in blue scrubs working at a computer. The text reads: "Clinical Data Abstraction Services". Below this, there is a sub-header: "Expert Clinical Data Abstraction Outsourcing | Chart Abstraction Services for Hospitals & Healthcare Systems". The main body text states: "ADN's expert and trusted hospital Core Measures & Registry Clinical Data Abstraction Outsourcing Service reduces the burden on your facility so you can focus on proactive quality management." Below the text are two buttons: "WHAT WE ABSTRACT" and "GET IN TOUCH".



Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](https://www.sciencedirect.com)

Informatics in Medicine Unlocked

journal homepage: www.elsevier.com/locate/imu



Novel use of natural language processing for registry development in peritoneal surface malignancies

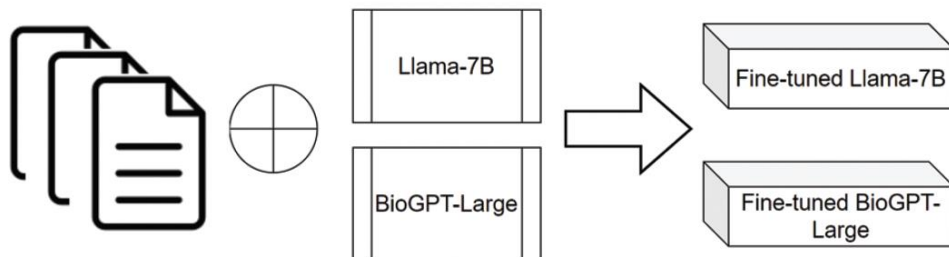
Nicholas Brian Shannon^{a,b,1}, Louis Choon Kit Wong^{a,b,1}, Mariko Nakayama^c,
Nguyen Tuan Anh Tran^d, Lionel Tim-Ee Cheng^{d,f}, Choon Hua Thng^g,
Hairil Rizal Bin Abdullah^{e,h}, Wen Kai Darryl Juan^{a,b}, Ming Jie Demi Lum^{a,b},
Chin-Ann Johnny Ong^{a,b,i,j,k,l}, Chin Jin Seo^{a,b}, Claramae Shulyn Chia^{a,b,i,j},
Jolene Si Min Wong^{a,b,i,j,*}

What about reading and cataloguing:

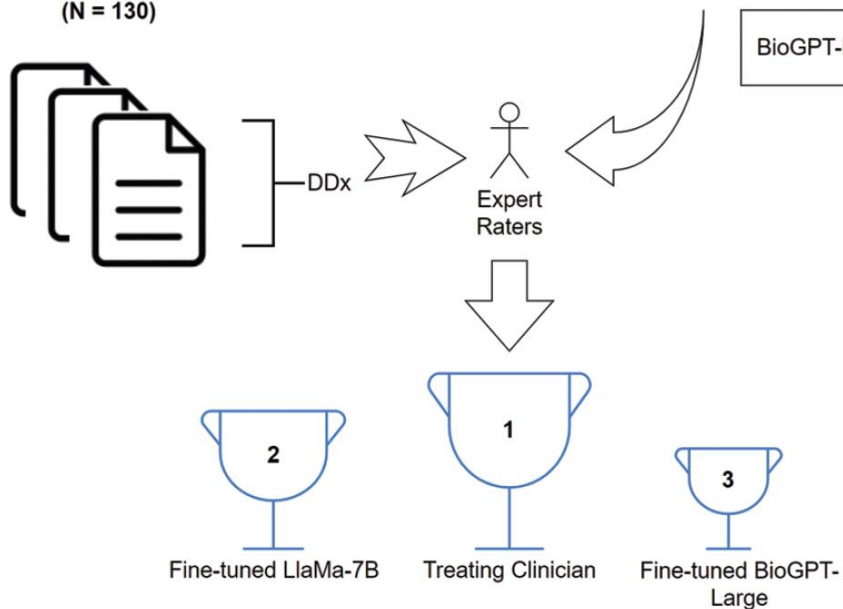
- ECHO reports?
- Operation notes?

Training Notes
(N = 1,916,538)**

Fine-tune models



Evaluation Admission Notes
(N = 130)



PCCM 2024

ONLINE CLINICAL INVESTIGATIONS

Comparing the Quality of Domain-Specific Versus General Language Models for Artificial Intelligence-Generated Differential Diagnoses in PICU Patients*

OBJECTIVES: Generative language models (LMs) are being evaluated in a variety of tasks in healthcare, but pediatric critical care studies are scant. Our objective was to evaluate the utility of generative LMs in the pediatric critical care setting and to determine whether domain-adapted LMs can outperform much larger general-domain LMs in generating a differential diagnosis from the admission notes of PICU patients.

Allreza Akhondi-Asl, PhD^{1,3}
Youyang Yang, MD, MHQS^{1,3}
Matthew Luchette, MD^{1,3}
Jeffrey P. Burns, MD, MPH^{1,2}
Nilesh M. Mehta, MD, FASPEN^{1,2}
Alon Geva, MD, MPH^{1,4}

Navigating Complexity: Enhancing Pediatric Diagnostics With Large Language Models*

KEYWORDS: artificial intelligence; clinical decision-making; critical care; natural language processing; pediatrics

James Mitchell, PhD, MSc¹
Tellen D. Bennett, MD, MS^{1,2}

Artificial intelligence (AI) is the field of computer science involving the creation of systems that can perform tasks usually requiring human intelligence (1). Machine learning (ML) is a branch of AI that specifically involves machines learning from data with minimal human input. Clinical examples of ML include models to predict serious bacterial infection (2) and mortality (3) in PICU patients. Natural language processing (NLP), another

*See also p. e273.
Copyright © 2024 by the Society of Critical Care Medicine and the World Federation of Pediatric Intensive and Critical Care Societies
DOI: 10.1097/PCC.0000000000003483

Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association, 2026, **33(2)**, 484–499

<https://doi.org/10.1093/jamia/ocaf176>

Advance access publication 15 October 2025

Review



OXFORD

Review

Using natural language processing to extract information from clinical text in electronic medical records for populating clinical registries: a systematic review

Leibo Liu, PhD^{*,1}, Victoria Blake, MSc¹, Matthew Barman, BASC¹, Blanca Gallego , PhD¹, Timothy Churches, MPhil², Georgina Kennedy, PhD^{2,3}, Sze-Yuan Ooi, MD^{4,5}, Geoffrey P. Delaney, MD, PhD^{2,3}, Louisa Jorm , PhD¹

2025

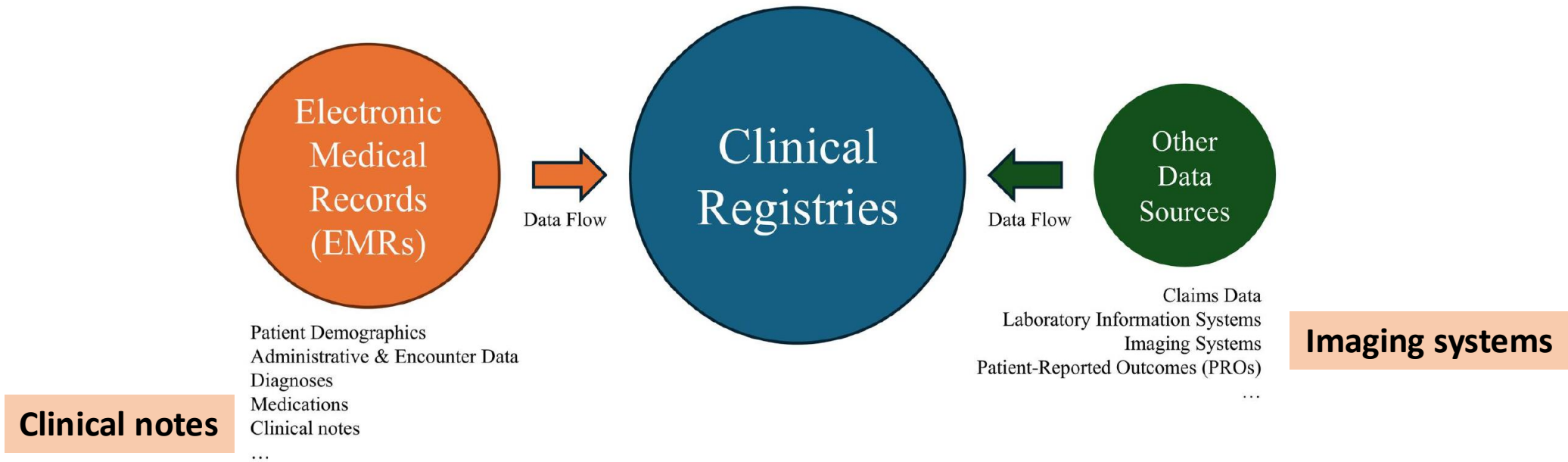
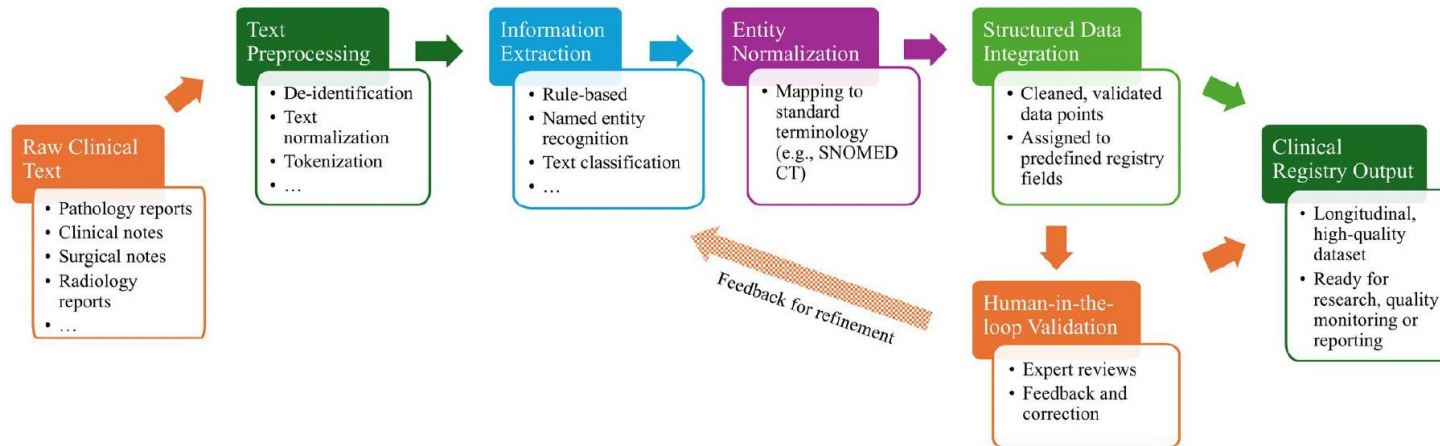


Figure 1. Relationship between electronic medical records (EMRs) and clinical registries.



What about accessing decision-making?

Intelligence-Based Medicine 7 (2023) 100098

2023

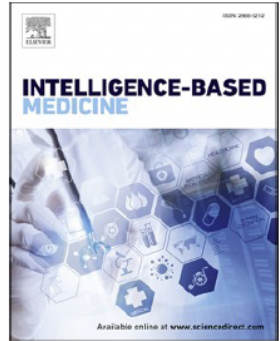


ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at [ScienceDirect](https://www.sciencedirect.com)

Intelligence-Based Medicine

journal homepage: www.sciencedirect.com/journal/intelligence-based-medicine



Using machine learning and clinical registry data to uncover variation in clinical decision making

Charlotte James^{a,*}, Michael Allen^{a,b}, Martin James^{a,c}, Richard Everson^d

National registry of stroke patients (2016-2018) managed in 132/180 acute care hospitals

- Decision-making around the time of thrombolysis – features related to the outcome
- Dataset limited to centers that care for at least 100 patients
- 88,928 patients, of which 26,257 received thrombolysis





Can a Registry lead & be used in a Clinical Trial?

#1/8

Open access

Communication

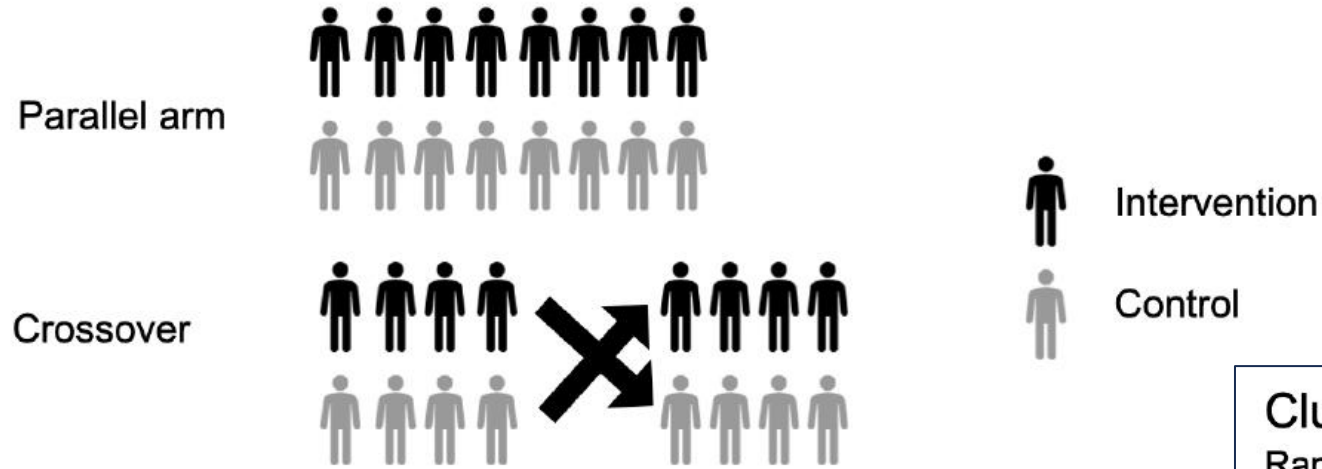
BMJ Open Registry randomised trials: a methodological perspective

Dorota A Doherty,^{1,2} Steven Y C Tong,^{3,4} Jennifer Reilly ,^{5,6} Jane Shrapnel,⁷ Stephen McDonald,^{8,9} Susannah Ahern,¹⁰ Ian Harris,¹¹ Charmaine S Tam,¹² Angela L Brennan,¹⁰ Carol Hodgson,¹⁰ Leonie Wilcox,¹³ Anitha Balagurunathan,¹⁴ Belinda E Butcher ,^{15,16} Christopher M Reid^{10,17}

2023

Individual patient randomised designs

Randomisation happens at the individual patient level



Cluster randomised designs

Randomisation happens at the level of the ICU, hospital, practice, school, rather than at individual patient level



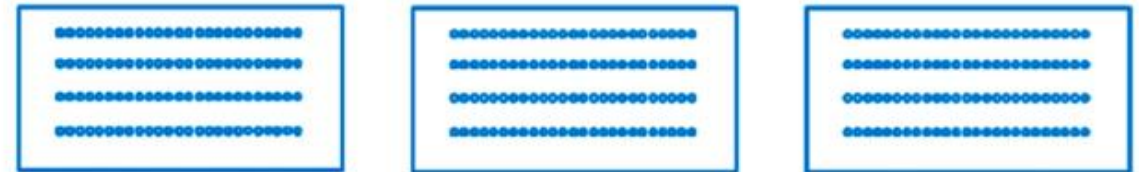
HEROIC Trials to Answer Pragmatic Questions for Hospitalized Children

Eric R. Coon, MD, MS,^a Christopher Bonafide, MD, MSCE,^{b,c} Eyal Cohen, MD, MSc,^{d,e,f} Anna Heath, MMath, PhD,^{f,g,h} Corrie E. McDaniel, DO,ⁱ Alan R. Schroeder, MD,^j Sunitha V. Kaiser, MD, MSc^k

• denotes 1 participant
□ denotes 1 hospital

2022

A Traditional RCT setup: 3 hospitals x 100 participants/hospital = 300 participants



B HEROIC trial setup: 50 hospitals x 6 participants/hospital = 300 participants

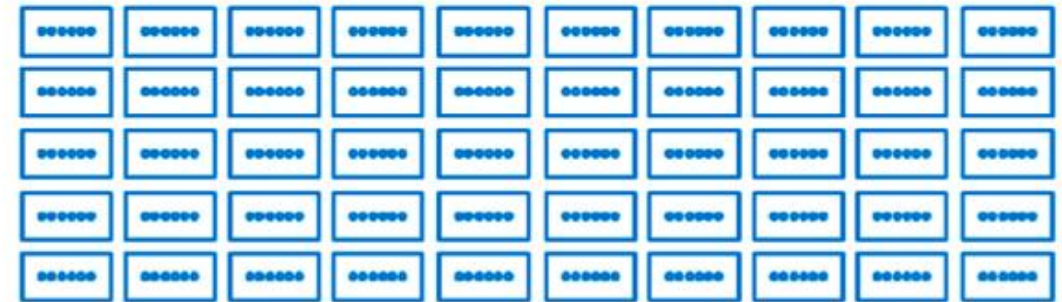


FIGURE 1 HEROIC trials disperse recruitment across a large number of sites. (A) depicts a traditional RCT, in which recruitment is concentrated at 3 hospitals. (B) depicts a HEROIC trial, in which recruitment is dispersed across 50 hospitals.

High-Efficiency RCTs

AAP (Hospital Pediatrics)

Making Pragmatic Clinical Trials More Pragmatic

**Richard Platt, MD,
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Gregory E. Simon, MD

Kaiser Permanente
Washington Health
Research Institute,
Seattle.

Pragmatic clinical trials are having a moment—actually, a decade. More than 80% of National Library of Medicine citations identified by searching “pragmatic clinical trials” were published in the past 10 years. The Pragmatic Explanatory Continuum Indicator Summary (PRECIS-2) has been cited almost 700 times since its publication in 2015.¹ For this discussion, we define pragmatic clinical trials as ones “designed for the primary purpose of informing decision-makers regarding the comparative balance of benefits, burdens and risks of a biomedical or behavioral health intervention at the individual or population level.”² Interest in pragmatic trials is due, in part, to a growing acknowledgment that clinicians often lack high-quality evidence to support medical decisions.³ More than 15 years ago, the National Academy of Medicine called for a “Learning Health System”—in which clinical trials would be integrated with health care delivery in a continuous loop of knowledge generation—because the pace of medical research was inadequate.³ The National Institutes of Health (NIH) created the Pragmatic Trials Collaboratory,

health care system. Although it was expected that widespread dissemination and implementation might require both replication and time, in a surprising number of instances, the collaborating health care systems in which the trials were conducted did not make decisions strictly consistent with the trial findings for the protocol-defined primary outcomes, although they had been partners in trial design and implementation.⁶ In some instances, such as the pain intervention, the original host systems did not adopt practices that met the trials’ primary objective; in others, such as the decolonization study, they implemented practices that did not meet the trials’ prespecified criteria for success.

A [workshop](#) held in 2023 explored the challenges of adopting the findings of these studies. In some instances, health care system leaders did not adopt a practice that had been shown to be effective by the trial’s criteria, citing changed clinical circumstances, prohibitive costs, or the complexity of the intervention.⁶ Occasionally, interventions were adopted as standard practice de-

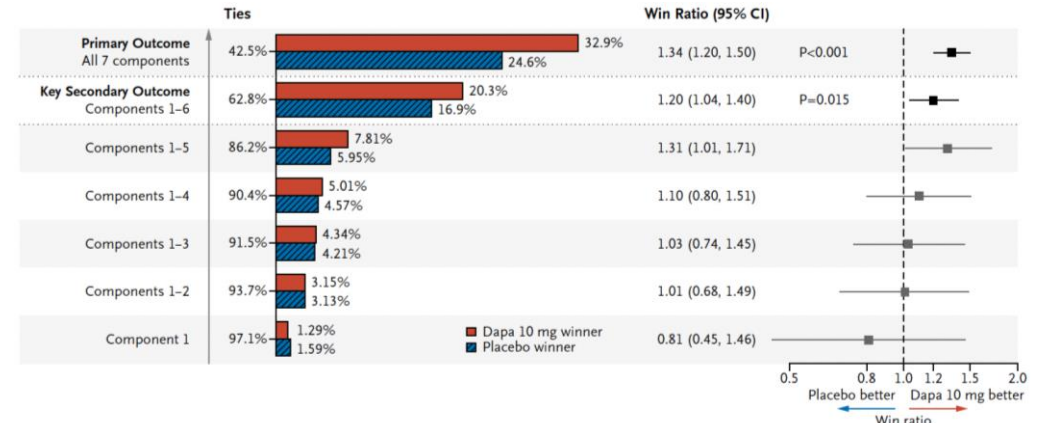
TRIAL QUESTION	TRIAL TYPE	Patient	Intervention and/or Clinician
Can it work?	Explanatory	Selected; Carefully diagnosed; High risk of outcome; Most likely to respond	Likely to follow intervention or protocol; Comparison to placebo; Specialist clinical care support staff
Does it work in practice?	Management	Depends on efficacy; Diagnostic accuracy	Provider compliance; Real world clinical decision-making Coverage by the health service
Is it worth it?	Cost benefit		

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Dapagliflozin in Myocardial Infarction without Diabetes or Heart Failure

Stefan James, M.D., Ph.D.,^{1,2} David Erlinge, M.D., Ph.D.,³ Robert F. Storey, M.D., D.M.,^{4,5} Darren K. McGuire, M.D.,^{6,7} Mark de Belder, B.A. Cantab, M.B.B.S., M.A., M.D., F.R.C.P.,⁸ Niclas Eriksson, Ph.D.,¹ Kasper Andersen, M.D., Ph.D.,^{2,9} David Austin, M.D., F.R.C.P.,^{10,11} Gabriel Arefalk, M.D., Ph.D.,^{9,12} David Carrick, M.B.Ch.B., Ph.D., F.R.C.P.,^{13,14} Robin Hofmann, M.D., Ph.D.,¹⁵ Stephen P. Hoole, M.D., D.M.,¹⁶ Daniel A. Jones, M.D., Ph.D.,^{17,18} Kelvin Lee, M.R.C.P., Ph.D.,^{19,20} Hans Tygesen, M.D., Ph.D.,^{21,22} Peter A. Johansson, M.Sc.,²³ Anna Maria Langkilde, M.D., Ph.D.,²³ Wilhelm Ridderstråle, M.D., Ph.D.,²³ Ehsan Parvaresh Rizi, M.D., Ph.D.,²³ John Deanfield, C.B.E. F.Med.Sci. B.A. Hons. (Cantab), M.B., B.Chir., F.R.C.P., F.E.S.C., F.A.C.C.,²⁴ and Jonas Oldgren, M.D., Ph.D.,^{1,2} for the DAPA-MI investigators*

2020-2023:
 103 sites Sweden & UK
 National Registries (SGLT-2)
 4,017 patients randomized

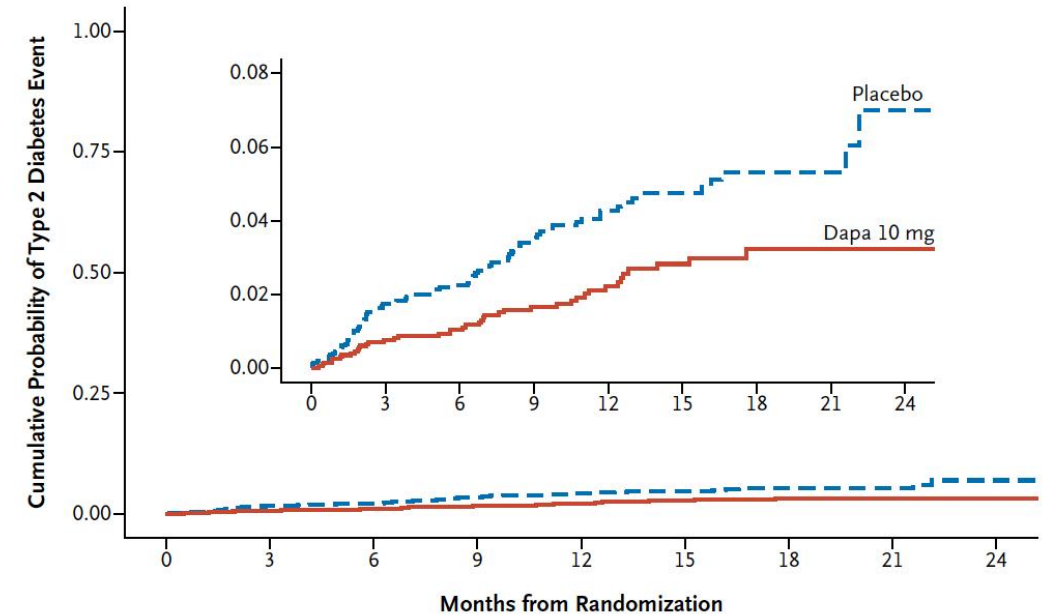


EDITORIAL

The Registry-Based Randomized Trial — A Pragmatic Study Design

Andrea B. Troxel, Sc.D.,¹ and Erinn M. Hade, Ph.D.¹

2024



2024

#7/8

Shiely et al. *Trials* (2024) 25:375
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s13063-024-08209-3>

Trials


27 RCTs published up to 2020

REVIEW

Open Access

Registry-based randomised controlled trials: conduct, advantages and challenges—a systematic review



Frances Shiely^{1,2*} , Niamh O Shea^{1,3}, Ellen Murphy^{1,3} and Joseph Eustace⁴

“New registries should be designed and existing registries reviewed to enable the conduct of Registry-based RCTs”

Key pillars when considering a Registry-based RCT

Quality data
collection

Established
QA processes

Established
Registry
governance

Established
informed
consent;
data
protection &
sharing
governance
policy

Good
stakeholder
contact &
feedback

Good
collaboration
between
clinicians,
registry,
trialists &
statistician

Trial
endpoint
validation

When does a
RCT become a
Registry?

PIVOTAL protocol
June 2026

New Era of
PCCS-SG

PCCM TRIAL

OPEN

The Paediatric Intensive Care Adaptive Platform Trial (PIVOTAL): Turning Pediatric Critical Care Practice Into Clinical Research

OBJECTIVES: To describe the rationale, design, and implementation of the Paediatric Intensive Care Adaptive Platform Trial (PIVOTAL), a novel approach to embed adaptive clinical research within routine pediatric critical care practice.

DESIGN: Prospective, multicenter, Bayesian adaptive platform trial developed by the U.K. Paediatric Critical Care Society Study Group (PCCS-SG) and funded by the U.K. National Institute for Health and Care Research Health Technology Assessment program.

SETTING: A minimum of 20 of the 33 PICUs across the United Kingdom that participating in the PCCS-SG research network.

PATIENTS: Critically ill children admitted to a PICU requiring support for one or more organ systems.

INTERVENTIONS: Eligible patients will be randomized across multiple concurrent intervention domains. Each domain will test clinically relevant therapies where practice variation and evidence gaps exist. The adaptive Bayesian design allows dynamic modification of randomization ratios, dropping of inferior interventions, and addition of new domains over time.

Mark J. Peters^{1,2,3}, MBChB, PhD^{1,2,3}

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Alexina Mason, PhD⁴

Tasnin Shahid, BSc⁴

Padmanabhan Ramnarayan,
MBBS, MD^{3,5}

Samiran Ray, MD, PhD^{1,2}

Katherine Brown, MBBS, MD⁶

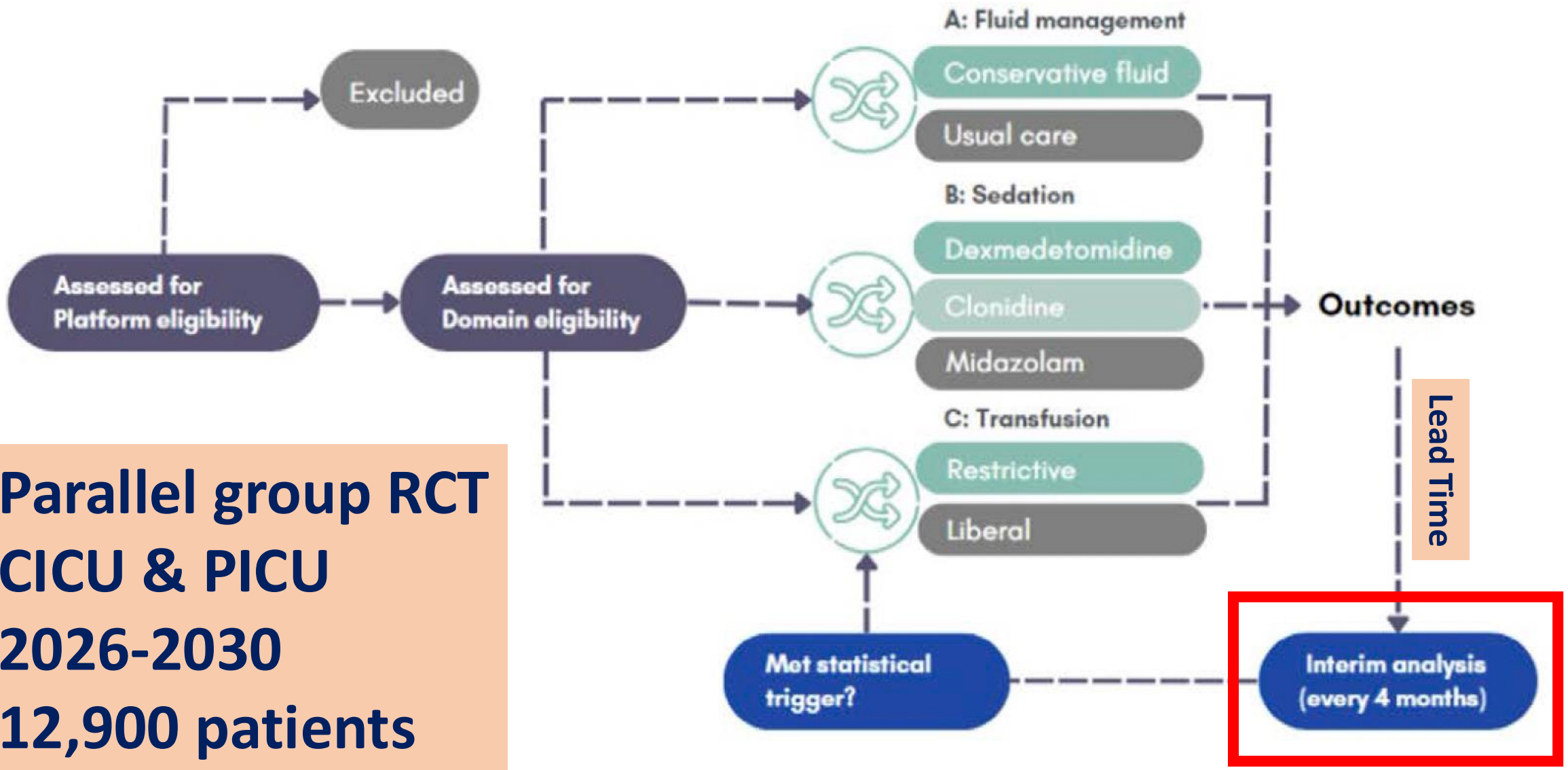
Irene Chang, MSc⁴

Doug W. Gould, PhD⁴

David Harrison, PhD⁴

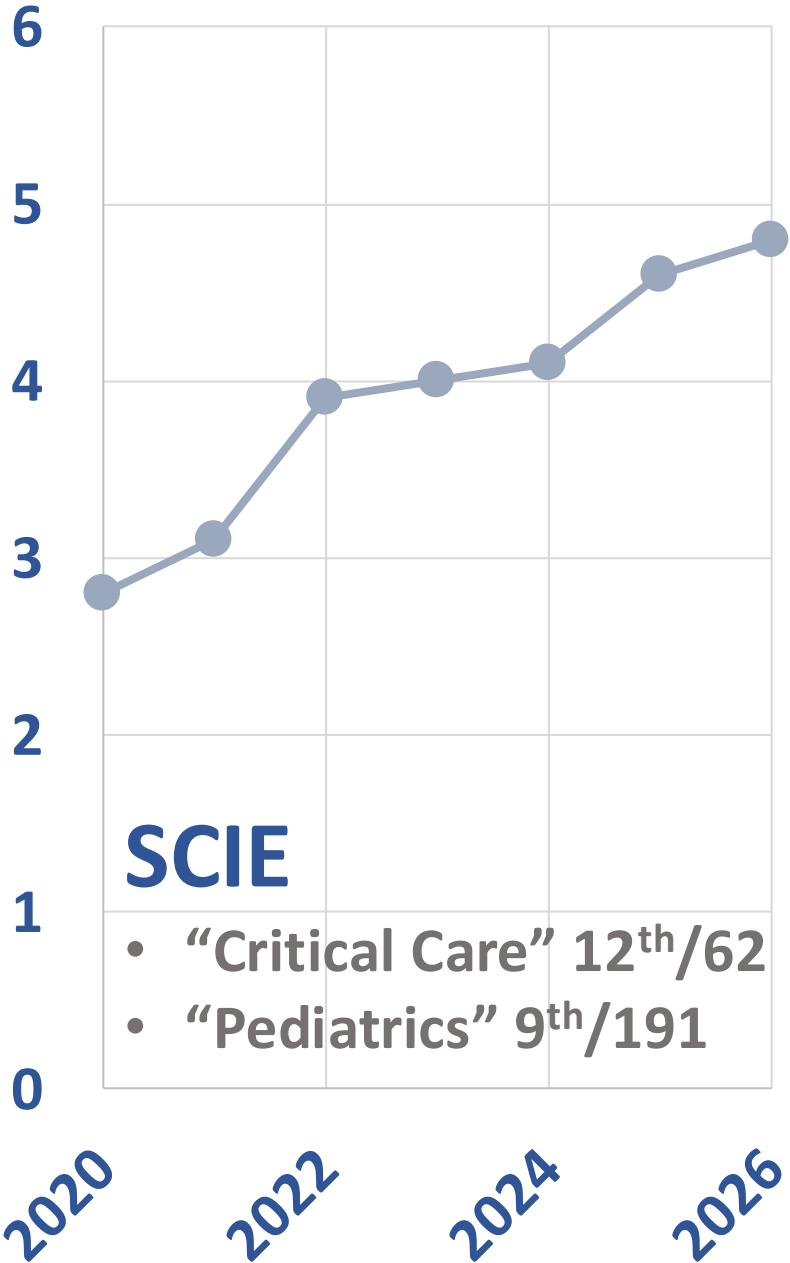
and the Paediatric Intensive Care Adaptive Platform Trial (PIVOTAL) investigators for Paediatric Critical Care Society Study Group (PCCS-SG)

Think REMAP-CAP (Randomized, Embedded, Multifactorial, Adaptive Platform trial of Community Acquired Pneumonia)



**Parallel group RCT
CICU & PICU
2026-2030
12,900 patients**

Impact Factor

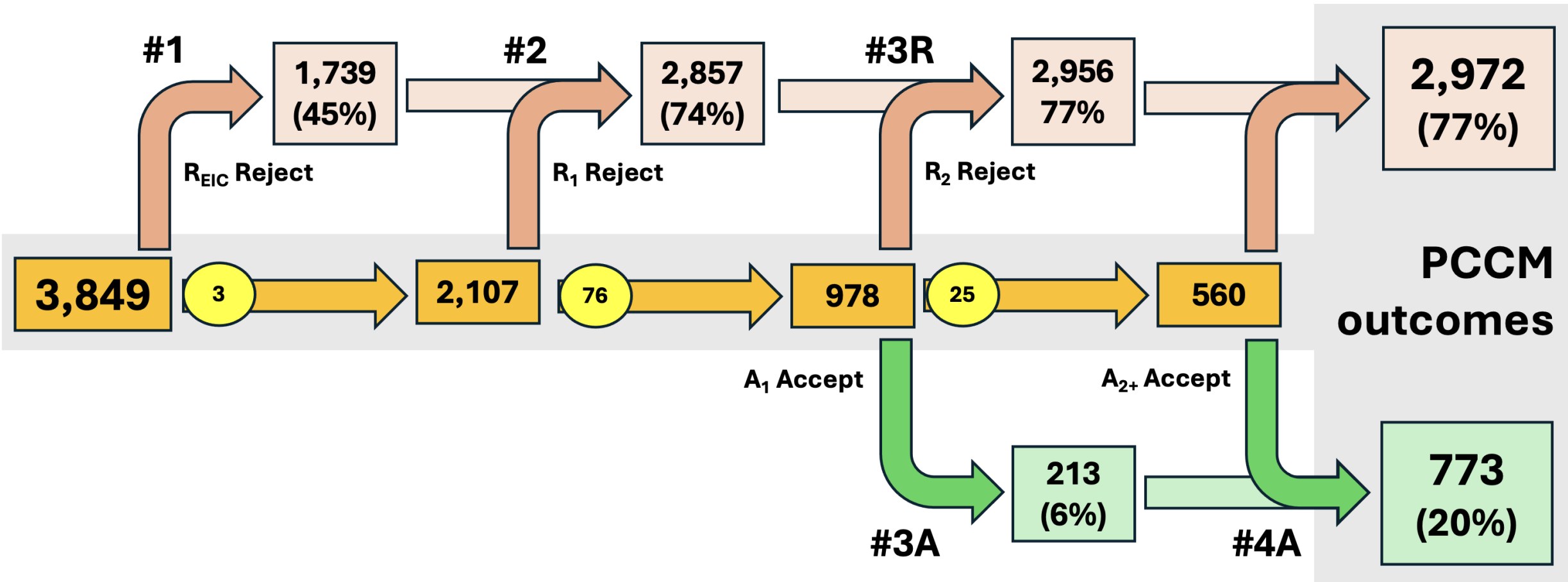


SCIE

- “Critical Care” 12th/62
- “Pediatrics” 9th/191

AIM 3: To understand the “why?” and “how?” of journal selection for Registry Science





Pediatric Critical Care Medicine
2021 to 2025 (5 years)

WOMEN AND SCIENCE >

Scientific journals place less trust in women researchers

An analysis of more than 36 million articles written by women shows that the gender gap in research is also reflected in specialized journals



SELVA VARGAS REÁTEGUI

Madrid - FEB 11, 2026 - 17:07CET

A laboratory technician collects samples.
ALBERT GARCIA



META-RESEARCH ARTICLE

Biomedical and life science articles by female researchers spend longer under review

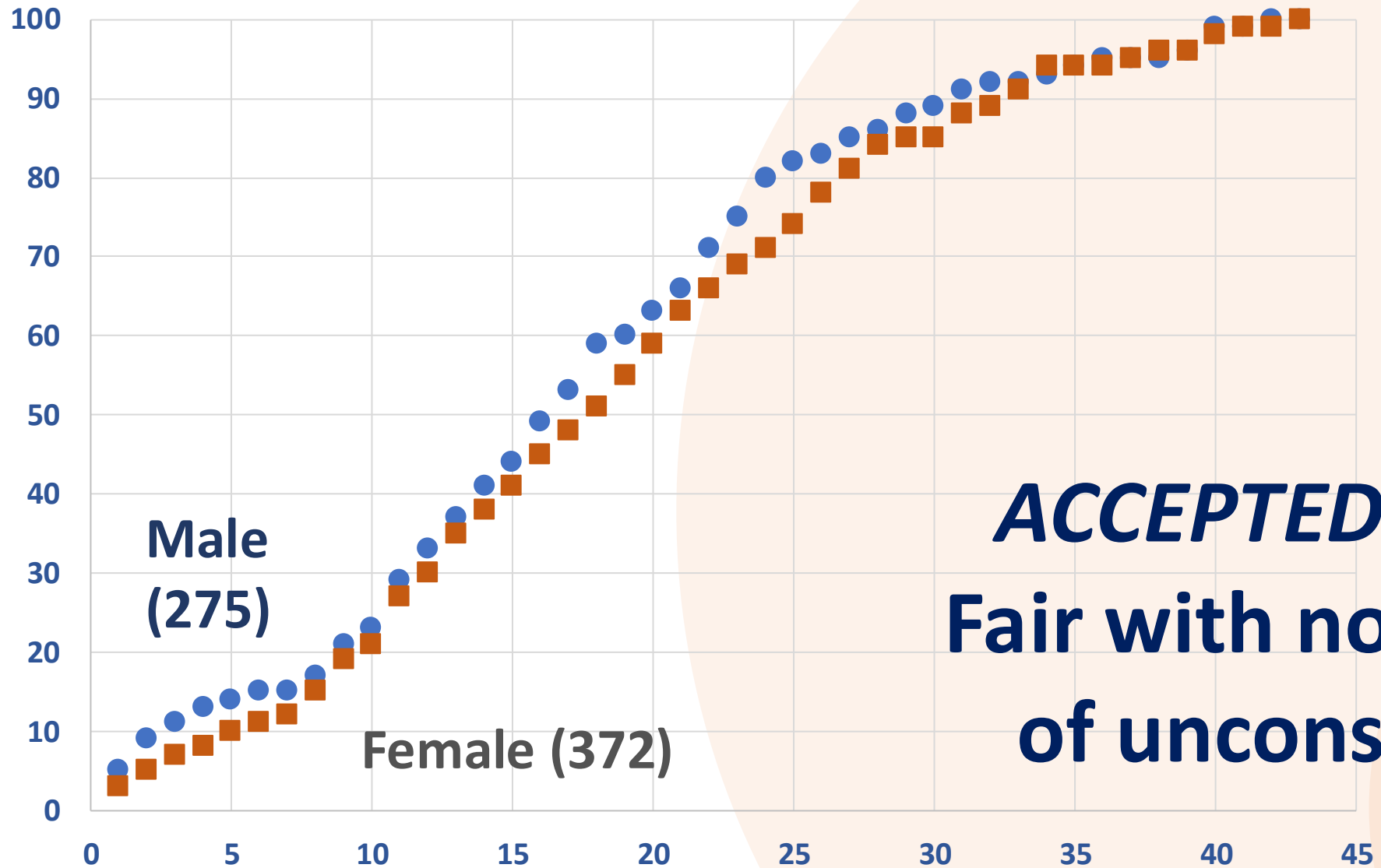
David Alvarez-Ponce^{ID}*, Gabriel Batz, Luis Ramirez Torres

Biology Department, University of Nevada, Reno, Nevada, United States of America

2026



Cumulative Percentage



Male
(275)

Female (372)

***ACCEPTED* ARTICLES**
Fair with no evidence
of unconscious bias

Weeks Submission → Acceptance

December 2024

Writing for *Pediatric Critical Care Medicine*: A Checklist When Using Administrative and Clinical Databases for Research

Nine Questions to Consider

1. What is the new pediatric critical care research question and hypothesis?
2. Have the local or national institutional review board requirements been met?
3. Has an in-depth literature review of prior publications using the database/registry been completed?
4. What are the patient inclusions and exclusions, and what are the primary and secondary PICU outcomes?
5. Have the best variables for the pediatric critical care research question been considered?
6. Are you sure that the definitions of these variables in the database/registry have not changed over time?
7. Are there any known associations that arise from your literature review (Question No. 3) that mean these variables should also be included in any new outcome model?
8. What is the analytical strategy for missing data?
9. Can you provide an "at the bedside" or "what this study means" conclusion to your work?

Robert C. Tasker^{1,2}, MBBS, MD,
FRCP^{1,2}

ELSO (ECMO)

VPS (PICUs)

PC4 (CICU)

PHIS (Hospital)

PCCM NOTES, METHODS, AND STATISTICS

Writing for *Pediatric Critical Care Medicine*: What to Expect In the Final Pre-Acceptance Requests From the Editor

Robert C. Tasker^{ID}, MBBS, MD,
FRCP^{1,2}

In the 2021-2025 cycle:

- Retractions 0/759 publications (UL 95%CI 0.4%)

Section or Part of Manuscript	Requirements
Title	Topic or field of study, followed by a colon, and then the methodology and years of study.
Abstract	When was the study done, how many patients, and is there is a ClinicalTrials.gov (NCT) number that should be included?
Information Boxes	Include a “Research in context” and a “What this study means,” or “At the bedside” box; each has three bullet points, which are brief.
Introduction	Two paragraphs to save text for the Discussion. There is no need to provide a topic review, just the why and what was done, and the idea.
Methods	The research ethics committee approval comes first, with exact date. This date is checked against the dates of references in the Introduction.
Results	All Figures and Tables are checked along with the accompanying text. Make sure that precision and accuracy is appropriate, and the same.
Supplemental Digital Content	This content must be “camera ready” because it is not copyedited but posted online as submitted.
Discussion	Make sure that the observations are presented in the context of the most up-to-date literature, meaning the last couple of years.
References	All references are fact-checked for accuracy and relevance of content being quoted. Redundant references need to be removed.

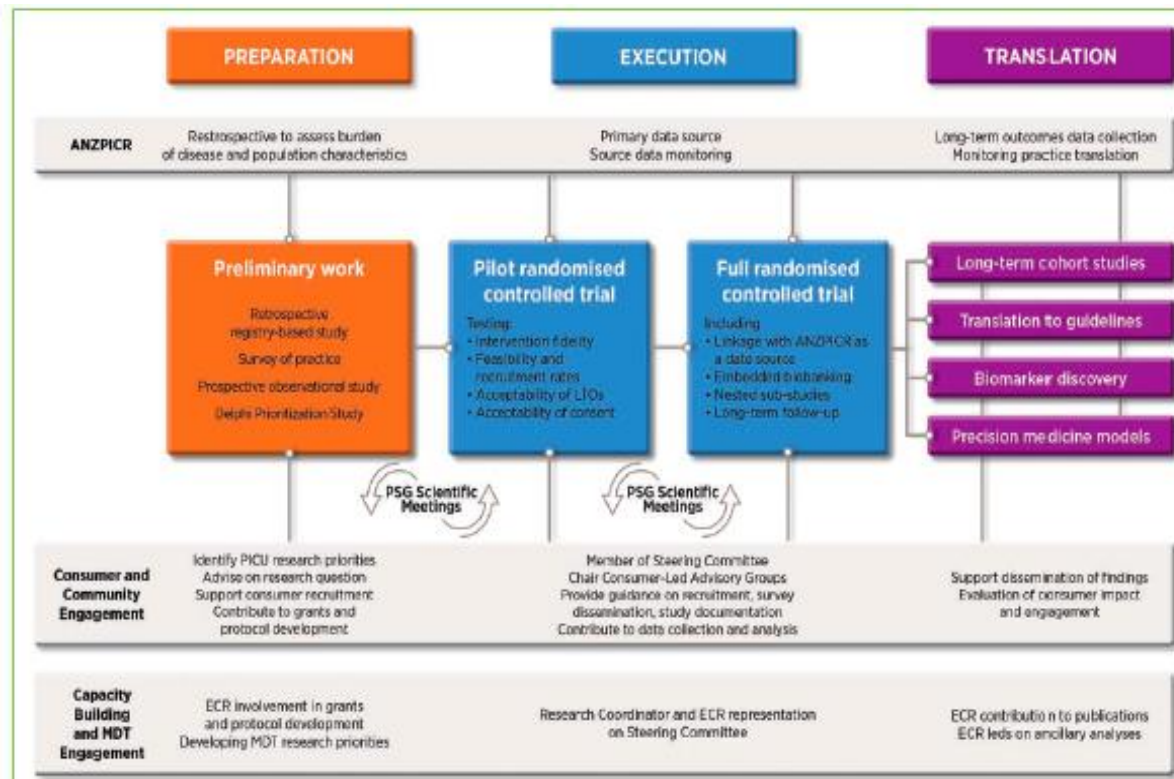
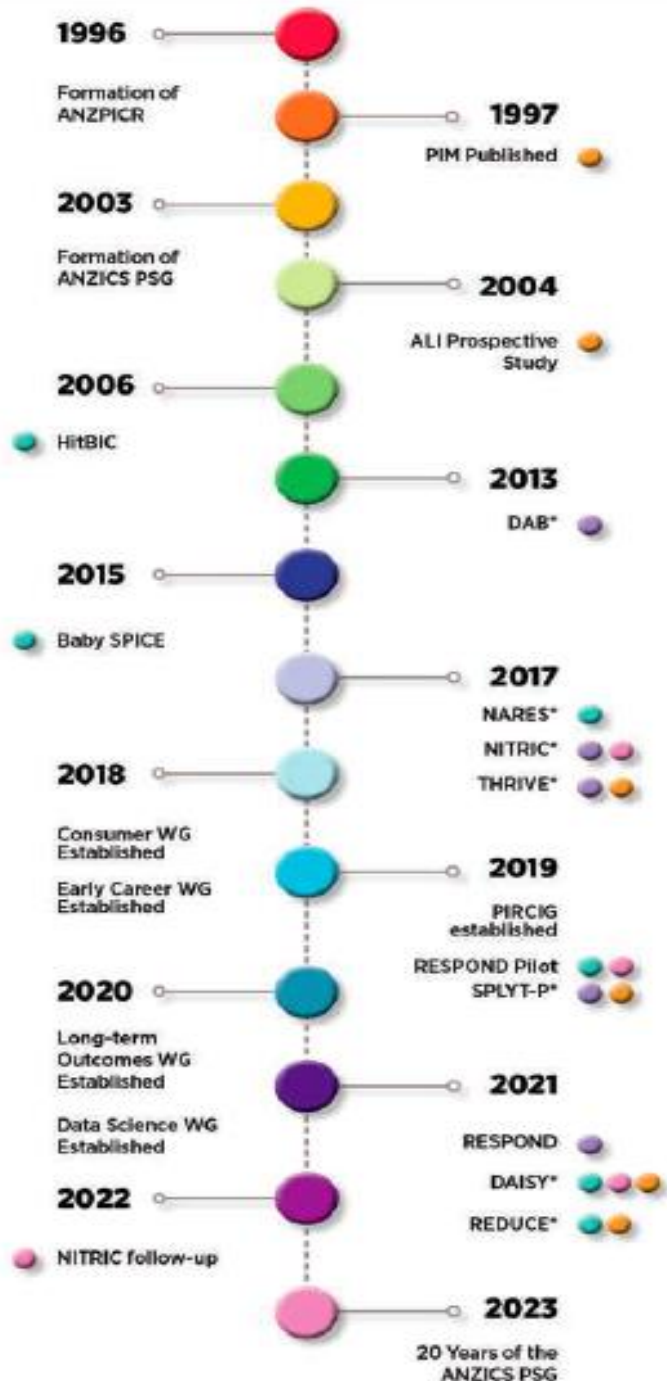


January 2025

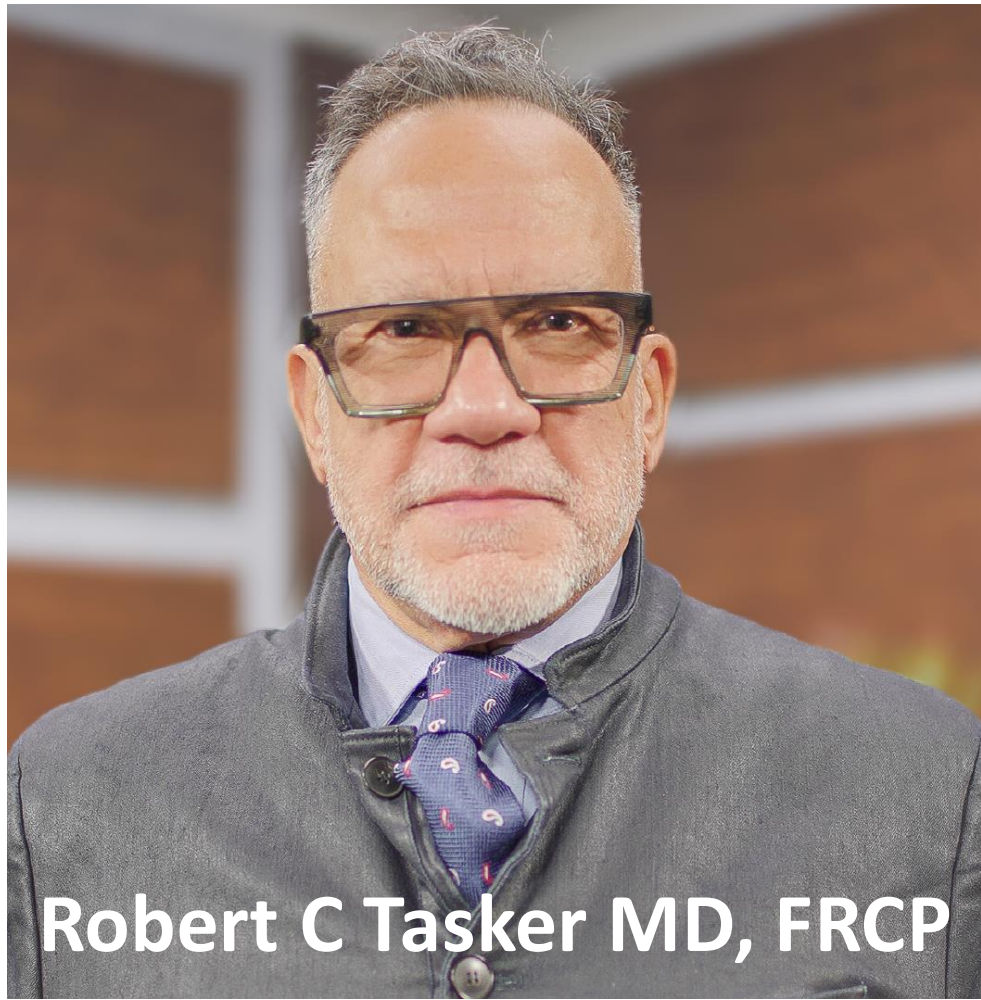
OPEN

The Australian and New Zealand Intensive Care Society Paediatric Study Group (ANZICS PSG): 20 Years of Collaborative Research

KEYWORDS: community participation; critical care; intensive care units, pediatric; randomized controlled trials; research networks



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 on behalf of the Australian and New Zealand Intensive Care Society Paediatric Study Group (ANZICS PSG)



Robert C Tasker MD, FRCP

Registry Science

1. Historical weakness & limit
2. Strength & future
3. The “why?” and “how?” of journal selection/publication